THE BEAVER ARGUS
will be Published Every Wednesday,
IN MINIS' BUILDINGS,
THIRD ST., BEAVER, PA.,
at $2.00 per annum in Advance

Letters and contributions, by mail, will have prompt attention.

J. S. RUTAN & Co. Eds. & Pro'rs.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 42--No. 17. Beaver, Wednesday, April 25, 1866. Established 1818.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square — each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices, of a public nature, free.

POETICAL.

SMILE AND BE CONTENTED.

The world grows old, and men grow cold
To each while seeking treasure;
And what with want, and care and toil,
We scarce have time for pleasure.
But never mind—that is a loss
Not much to be lamented;
Life rolls on gaily if we will
But smile and be contented.

If we are poor, and would be rich,
It will not be by pining,
No! steady heart and hopeful minds
Are like a bright silver lining.
There's ne'er a man that dared to hope
Hath of his choice repented;
The happiest souls on earth are those
Who smile and are contented.

When grief doth come to rack the heart,
And fortune bids us sorrow,
From hope we may a blessing reap
And consolation borrow.
If thorns will rise when roses bloom,
It cannot be prevented;
So make the best of life you can;
And smile and be contented.

Miscellaneous.

Character in Dress

It would seem indeed as if men's dress were fixed beyond all power of its adjustment to character; but no ...ays or repressing influences can read... ly hinder a man's showing it in his outer garments. Still, wherever there is a strongly pronounced character, a character of such originality, independence, or crotchetiness as to break loose from the habits and tone of thought of the age, though it be in points merely abstract, with no perceivable relation to the coat, or neck tie, or arrangement of hair, these externals will be affected by them, and will declare the man a dissentient from, or a leader of, the thought of his age. Something about the set, the color, the form of his attire, will show him remarkable. This of course, applies to speculators and theorists.

Men of action, practical men, politicians—all who carry on the world's business, whose concern is with men as they are, and whose occupation depends on the continuance of the existing state of things—dress, as they think and act, with the world, but every deviation of thought, every consistent resolution in a man to think and act for himself in any material point, social, political or religious, certainly expresses itself in some external peculiarity. It is indeed wonderful how this connection between the inner principle and the ...ppears—though perhaps its occasional ...marking—that we cannot always ...ilar external development, will ...ay itself in spite of every hindrance that custom, and we might almost say, intention, imposes.

A man cannot be a prig in his notions without the tie of his cravat, or some lines somewhere, showing it.—He cannot be a skeptic, actively controversially intent on making proselytes, without not only his features, his hair, his gait, his backbone showing it, but some eccentric uppar garment, collar, shoes, something about him. A man cannot set about industriously subverting the constitution of his country without everything, from his hat to his boots, and every loose flying intervening garment, telling it; a man cannot be a liberator without some signal, answering to Arabadil's shirt; the mantle of the prophet was necessary to express the spirit of the prophet; such intimate connection is there between man and the outer self that immediately surrounds him.

Clothes are but an extension and further emanation of the same subtle influence which moulds the features into a reflection of the habitual working of the mind. Until a man's garments have formed this intimate relation with him, he is an image, a property of the scene, a lay figure—we can predicate nothing concerning him. Who can tell what a king is in his coronation robes? a herald in his tabard? or a soldier on parade? Who can tell what a beggar is—hung about with garments that have received every cast and fold from other men's backs? Even the dogs bark at him as at something incomprehensible and undisguise.

"NEVER KNOCK UNDER."—No, never. Always rally your forces for another desperate assault upon adversity. If calumny assails you, and the world—as it is apt to do in such cases—takes part with your traducers, don't turn moody and misanthropic, or worse still, seek to drown your unhappiness in dissipation. Bide your time. Disprove the slander if you can; if not, live it down. If poverty comes upon you like a theft in the night what then? Let it rouse you, as the presence of a real thief would do, to energetic action. No matter how deeply you may have got into hot water—always provided that you did not help the father of lies to heat it—your case, if you are made of the right kind of stuff, is not desperate. There is in accord with divine order and sweep of things that life should have no difficulties which an honest and determined man, with Heaven's help, cannot surmount.

"WE must be unanimous," observed Hancock, on the occasion of signing the Declaration of the American Independence; "there must be no pulling different ways." "Yes," observed Franklin, "we must all pull together, most assuredly we shall all hang separately."

THE CHOLERA.

The following letter was written by Dr. Hamlin, for many years a missionary at Constantinople, and whose experience in treating cholera extended through three visitations of that disease in Turkey:

DEAR SIR: The cholera, which has just left us after committing fearful ravages, is making its way into Europe, and will probably cross the Atlantic before another summer has passed.

Having been providentially compelled to have a good degree of practical acquaintance with it, and to see it in all its forms and stages during each of its invasions of Constantinople, I wish to make to my friends in Maine some suggestions which may relieve anxiety or be of practical use.

1. On the approach of cholera every family should be prepared to treat it without waiting for a physician. It does its work so expeditiously that, while you are waiting for the doctor it is done.

2 If you prepare for it, it will not come. I think there is no disease which may be avoided with so much certainty as the cholera. But providential circumstances, or the thoughtless indiscretions of some member of a household, may invite the attack, and the challenge will never be refused. It will probably be made in the night, your physician has been called in another direction, and you must treat the case yourself or it will be fatal.

CAUSE AND SYMPTOMS.

3 *Cause of Attack.*—I have personally investigated at least a hundred cases, and not less than three fourths could be traced directly to improper diet, or to intoxicating drinks, or to both united. Of the remainder, suppressed perspiration would comprise a large number. A strong, healthy, temperate laboring man had a severe attack of cholera and after the danger had passed I was curious to ascertain the cause. He had been cautious and prudent in his diet. He used nothing intoxicating. His residence was in a good locality. But after some hours of hard labor and very profuse perspiration, he had laid down to take his customary nap right, against an open window through which a very refreshing breeze was blowing. Another cause is drinking largely of cold water when hot and thirsty. Great fatigue, great anxiety, fright, fear, all figure among inciting causes. If one can avoid all these he is as safe from the cholera as from being swept away by a comet.

4. *Symptoms of an attack.*—While cholera is prevalent in a place, almost every one experiences more or less disturbance of digestion. It is doubtless in part imaginary. Every one notices the slightest variation of feeling, and this gives an importance to mere trifles. There are often a slight nausea, or transient pains, or rumbling sounds, when no attack follows. No one is entirely free from these. But when diarrhœa commences, though painless and slight, it is in reality the skirmishing party of the advancing column. It will have at first no single character of Asiatic cholera. But do not be deceived. It is the cholera, nevertheless. Wait a little, give it time to get hold, say to yourself, "I feel perfectly well, it will soon pass off," and in a short time you will repent of your folly in vain. I have seen many a one commit suicide in this way.

Sometimes, though rarely, the attack commences with vomiting. But in whatever way it commences it is sure to *hold on*. In a very few hours the patient may sink into the collapse. The hands and feet become cold and purplish, the countenance, at first nervous and anxious, becomes gloomy and pathetic, although a mental restlessness and raging thirst torment the sufferer while the powers of life are ebbing. The intellect remains clear, but all the social and moral feelings seem wonderfully to *collapse* with the physical powers The patient knows he is to die, but cares not a snap about it.

In some cases though rarely, the diarrhœa continues for a day or two, and the foolish person keeps about, then suddenly sinks, sends for a physician, and before he arrives "dies as the fool dieth."

COURSE OF TREATMENT.

1. *For Stopping the Incipient Diarrhœa.*—The mixture which I used in 1848 with great success, and again in 1855, has during the epidemic been used by thousands, and although the attacks have been more sudden and violent, it has fully established its reputation for efficiency and perfect safety. It consists of equal parts, by measure, of one laudanum and spirits of camphor, two tincture of rhubarb. Thirty drops for adult, on a lump of sugar, will often check the diarrhœa. But to prevent its return care should always be taken to continue the medicine every four hours in diminishing doses; twenty-five, twenty, fifteen, ten, nine, when careful diet is all that will be needed.

In case the first dose not stay the diarrhœa, continue to give increasing doses—thirty-five, forty, forty five, sixty—at every movement of the bowels. Large doses will produce no injury while the diarrhœa lasts. When that is checked then is the time for caution. I have never seen a case of diarrhœa taken in season which was not thus controlled, but some cases of advanced diarrhœa, and especially a relapse, paid no heed to it whatever. As soon as this becomes apparent I always resorted to this course. Prepare a teacup of starch boiled as for use in starching linen and stir into it a full teaspoonful of laudanum for an injection. Give one third at each movement of the bowels. In one desperate case, abandoned as hopeless by a physician, I could not stop the diarrhœa until the seventh injection, which contained nearly a teaspoonful of laudanum. The patient recovered, and is in perfect health. At the same time I used prepared chalk in ten grain doses, with a few drops of laudanum and camphor to each. But, whatever course is pursued, it must be followed up or the patient is lost.

2. *Mustard Poultices.*—These should be applied to the pit of the stomach and kept on till the surface is well reddened.

3. The patient, however well he may feel, should rigidly observe perfect rest. To lie quietly on the back is one half of the battle. In that position the enemy fires over you, but the moment you rise you are hit.

When attack comes in the form of a diarrhœa these directions will enable every one to meet it successfully.

4. But when the attack is more violent, and there is vomiting, or vomiting and purging, perhaps also cramps and colic pains, the following mixture is far more effective, and should always be resorted to. The missionaries—Messrs. Long, Trowbridge, and Washburn—have used it in very many cases and with wonderful success It consists of equal parts of laudanum, tincture of capsicum, tincture of ginger, and tincture of cardan on seeds Dose, thirty to forty drops, or a half a teaspoonful in a little water, and to be increased according to the urgency of the case. In case the first dose should be ejected, the second, which should stand ready, should be given immediately after the spasm of vomiting has ceased. During this late cholera siege no one of us failed of controlling the vomiting and also the purging by, at most, the third dose. We have, however, invariably made use of large mustard poultices of strong pure mustard, applied to the stomach, bowels, calves of the legs, feet, &c., as the case seemed to require.

TREATMENT OF COLLAPSE.

Collapse.—This is simply a more advanced stage of the disease. It indicates the gradual failing of all the powers of life. It is difficult to say when a case has become hopeless. At a certain point the body of the patient begins to emit a peculiar odor, which I call the death odor, for when that has become decided and unmistakable I have never known the patient to recover. I have repeatedly worked upon such cases for hours with no permanent result. But the blue color, the cold extremities, the deeply sunken eye, the vanishing pulse are to signs that the case is hopeless. Scores of such cases in the recent epidemic have recovered. In addition to the second mixture, brandy (a tablespoonful every half hour,) bottles of hot water surrounding the patient, especially the extremities, sinapisms, and friction will often in an hour or two work wonders.

Thirst.—In these and in all advanced cases, thirst creates intense suffering. The sufferer craves water, and as sure as he gratifies the craving the worst symptoms return, and he falls victim to the transient gratification. The only safe way is to have a faithful friend or attendant who will not heed his entreaties. The suffering may be, however, safely alleviated and rendered endurable. Frequent gargling the throat and washing out the mouth will bring some relief. A spoonful of gum arabic water or of camomile tea may frequently be given to wet the throat. Lyndenham's White Decoction may also be given, both as a beverage and nourishment, in small quantities, frequently. In a day or two the suffering from thirst will cease. In a large majority of cases it has not been intense for more than twenty-four hours.

Diet.—Rice water, arrowroot, Lyndenham's White Decoction, crust water, camomile tea, are the best articles for a day or two after the attack is controlled. Camomile is very valuable in restoring the tone of the stomach.

The Typhoid Fever.—A typhoid state for a few days will follow all severe cases. There is nothing alarming in this. It has very rarely proved fatal. Patience and careful nursing will bring it all right. The greatest danger is from drinking too freely.—When the patient seemed to be sinking, a little brandy and water or arrowroot and brandy have revived him. In this terrible visitation of the cholera, we have considered ourselves perfectly armed and equipped, with a hand-bag containing mixture No. 1, mixture No. 2, (for vomiting, &c.,) a few pounds of pounded mustard, a bottle of brandy, a paper of camomile flowers, and a paper of gum arabic.

A RICH VIRGINIAN.—Franklin Stearns, the richest man in the Old Dominion under the new *regime*, is a Vermonter, who has passed thirty years in Richmond, been twice married, and who is now worth, in real estate and cash, $1,500,000. He was a violent Unionist, suffered in Castle Thunder, and never kept Confederate scrip a week in his pocket, but loaned it for mortgages on all the farm lands around. Every day enriches him; and as the benefits of peace and freedom are fully developed, he will probably be the proprietor, by the enhanced value of his lands, of $12,000,000 or $15,000,000.

THE FEDERAL CHAMELEON.

AN INTERESTING SKETCH OF SCOUTING STRATEGY.

One evening about an hour after the sun had gone down, a couple of stout men, dressed in soiled rebel uniforms, each holding in his hand a good Austrian rifle, tapped at the door of a small frame building near the C—— road in Virginia.

The knock was answered by an old woman whose face was almost concealed by the tangled masses of her gray, uncombed and dishevelled hair.

"And what do you want, I say?" she exclaimed, as her deep set eyes flashed on the two men. "I hain't the smallest bit of johnny cake in the house to offer ye, for it was all——"

"No, no," interrupted one of the soldiers, "we don't want anything to eat, but we want you to tell us, and that in quick time, too, whether or not you've seen a slight but strong looking slip of a man go by here of late?"

Dressed in blue, and carrying a double barreled rifle, added the other.

"Hey, hey!" cried the hag, lifting her hands and speaking in a sharp, angry voice, "if you hadn't interrupted me, I reckon you would've heard me speak of him just now, as he was the very man who come here and bought all my cakes. It was about two hours ago, and——"

"Which way did he go after he left you?" inquired both men eagerly.

"Before I answer that question, you must tell me who he is," said the old woman with the curiosity natural to her sex.

"He is a celebrated Union scout whom we call the 'Federal Chameleon,' because he changes his uniform so often. Sometimes it is blue, other times grey, and he has even been seen wearing the disguise of an old farmer. He has shot more of our men than is pleasant, and we have a roving commission from our Colonel to go and hunt after him, if we can, either dead or alive. And now we have replied to you," continued the speaker a little impatiently, "we demand that you answer our question, and——"

"Demand!" interrupted the hag in shrill, piercing tones. "Is that the proper way to speak to a woman—an old woman at that? Saw——

"Come, come, answer us mind if you please," cried the soldier in a milder tone. "I mean no harm—it's only my way of speaking."

"Well, perhaps I may forgive, and perhaps not," said the [illegible] "but answer my question. How far is it to your camp from here?"

"What is that to you? what has that to do——"

"There you go again with your cursed inquisitiveness," shrieked the hag fiercely, "but you shall answer my question before you get another single word out of me. Now, then, how far is your camp from here, and how many men have you in and around it? I intend to carry your fellows some corn cakes, d'ye see, and I want to know the number of mouths I have to cook for."

"Oh, in that case," said the rebel, "I do not see any reason why I should not satisfy you. Our camps, then, are about five miles from here, near the cross roads, and our number may be about five thousand."

"That will do," cried the old woman, with a grin of satisfaction—"yes, that will do. And now you are sure that the man who came here to buy his supper is the one you are after?"

"We are sure of it, for although we have never seen the man's face, we'd know him by the double-barreled rifle, as nobody else in the Yankee army carries a weapon of that kind."

"Ay, ay, it's the right one, then," said the hag. "After he had finished and paid me for his meal, he says to me: 'Friend, I should like to put up here for the night if you have no objections.' But as I did not like the idea of accommodating a Yankee any more than I could help, I told him there was no room for him, as I expected visitors before many hours.—'Well, then,' says he, 'can't you tell me of a place where I can pass the night a little comfortably? You see,' he added, looking toward his double barreled rifle, 'I don't like to camp out, as it looks like rain, and this piece might get hurt by it.' I know of no place, I answered, short of four miles from here, in an old barn, which is tight enough, I think, to keep off the rain. 'Four mile is a pretty long distance, said he, 'and as I have been tramping about considerable to-day, I don't feel much like carrying this heavy load so far,' pointing at his knapsack as he spoke. 'Will you be kind enough to let it remain till morning?' Well, yes, said I, hesitating a little, and throwing a glance at the well filled pocket book in his hand.—He understood the look and gave me a greenback dollar. All right, said I and he then departed, saying he would call for his luggage in the morning, after he should wake from his sleep in the barn.

"Now, then, continued the woman, which will you do—go go after him at once, or wait in ambush for him till morning?"

They drew back a few paces and held a short consultation, after which they advanced to the woman.

"We will go now, said one of them; that is if you can describe to us the exact position of the barn."

"I don't think that I could describe it so you could find it in the dark, but as I am willing to do everything in my power for the Confederacy, I will go with you and show the place."

"That's right, answered the rebels and we will see that you are rewarded for your zeal."

"I don't want any reward for helping my countrymen," repeated the hag. "I am always ready to help along the cause."

With these words she disappeared into another room, but came forth in a few moments, with a gray blanket thrown over her shoulders.

"I took this out of the Yank's hay crack," said she with a short, dry laugh; "Don't you think it becomes me?"

"Aye, aye, my good woman, very much; but lead on if you please, for we have no time to loose."

"Forward, march!" she exclaimed, imitating the voice of a man with strong lungs. "Forward, march! Close up! close up." And she moved along the road at the tottering pace to a person of her years.

The night by this time had become very dark. The sky was obscure with thick driving clouds, and the wind screamed and roared among the tall pines that towered upon each side of the road. Occasionally a branch wrenched from its native trunk would fall into the road with a terrible crash, and more than once the rebels started back and cocked their pieces in belief that the din was caused by the discharge of some Yankee rifle.

"Ha! ha! ha!" laughed the old hag upon one of these occasions, "it seems to me you are easily startled. Don't you think your commander might have picked a pair of bolder hearts than yours for this expedition?"

"You'd better keep a silent tongue in your head, my good woman, until you have an opportunity of witnessing as many battles as we have, answered one of the men, 'a good soldier is always on his guard."

"Aye, aye!" replied the old woman, "but should be able to distinguish between the crackling of a branch and the ring of a rifled musket."

The rebels did not relish the sound made by the loud shrill tone of the female guide, and in order to put an end to it he controlled himself sufficiently not to reply to her last remark. The party then continued on their way in silence—which was not broken by either of them until they had gone about three miles, and a loud clear challenge suddenly startled the rebels.

"Hall! Who comes there?"

"Friend," answered the old woman, in a ringing voice, "friend with prisoners."

"We are betrayed!" yelled her companions, and even as the words passed their lips, they were surrounded by a dozen Federal soldiers, one of whom carried a lantern.

As the rays of the light fell upon the hag, the rebels saw the gray hair, the blanket, and female apparel drop to the ground, revealing the slight but iron like frame of a Union soldier in the prime of life.

"It is he," exclaimed the prisoners simultaneously, as their glances wandered to the double barrelled rifle, which he now held in his hand; "it is he—the scout—the Federal Chameleon!"

"Aye, aye!" answered the latter as he leaned upon his weapon, with a quiet smile, "you are trapped sure enough, thanks to my disguise, which is only one of the many which I carry in my knapsack. Allow me to express my thanks to you for the information you gave me in regard to the position of your camp and the number of your men; I have already sent a message to my Colonel in relation to the matter, and I perceive he has commenced to act upon it."

And as he spoke he pointed down the road where the dark outline of troops forming into line might be faintly distinguished.

They are soon in motion, and in the course of half an hour the booming cannon, the rattle of musketry, and the cheering of Federal troops proclaimed that the combat had commenced. The din continued for about an hour, when the prisoners heard from others who were brought to share their quarters, that the Southern troops had been surprised and totally routed.

A Frank and Noble Boy.

As I was taking a ride in our pleasant village, on which we have a few plague spots left, I took in a lad of some ten years. As I had occasion to stop close to a rum shop, I noticed the boy looked surprised, and I said to him: "Shall we go in and take a little whiskey, as we may be cold before we get back?" I shall not soon forget the frankness with which he looked me in the face and said: "My mother don't allow me to drink rum." Then I said, "Won't you go in there and warm you?" and he as honestly said, "I don't think my mother would allow me to go into such a place."

Now I want to say to all the boys, never be ashamed to follow the counsel and good advice of a pious mother, for it will be a safeguard to you through life.

And to mothers, I would say, be evermore vigilant to cast a goodly influence around the young, for it will keep them in fierce temptation's darkest hours, and save our country and the world much sorrow.—*Zion's Herald.*

Pleasant Homes.

The homes of America will not become what they should be until a true idea of life shall become more widely implanted The worship of the dollar does more to degrade American homes than anything—than all things else. The chief end of life is to gather gold, and that gold is lost which hangs a picture upon the wall, which purchases flowers for the yard, which buys a toy or a book for the eager hand of childhood. Is this the whole of human life? Then it is a mean, meagre, and most undesirable thing. A child will go forth from a stall, glad to find free air and a wider pasture. The influence of such a home upon him in after life, will be just none at all, or nothing good. Thousands are rushing from homes like these every year. They crowd into cities. Their crowd into villages.—They swarm into all places where life is clothed with a higher significance; and the old shell of home is deserted by every bird as soon as it can fly. Ancestral homesteads and patrimonial acres have no sacredness, and when the father and mother die, the stranger's presence obliterate associations that should be among the most sacred of all things.

I would have you build up for yourselves, and for your children, a home that will never be parted with—a home which will be to all whose lives have been associated with it, the most interesting, precious spot on earth. I would have that home the abode of dignity, beauty, grace, love, genial fellowship and happy associations. Out from such a home I would have good influences flow into neighborhoods. In such a home I would see ambition taking root, and receiving all generous culture. And then I would see you, young husbands, and young wives, happy. Do not deprive yourselves of such influences as will come through an institution like this. No money can pay you for such a deprivation No circumstances but those of utter poverty can justify you in denying the influences to your children.—*Timothy Titcomb.*

The Wrong Hat.

A certain Jersey lawyer who loved "lager," one sweltering day got pretty "mellow," having moistened his throat too much with the German beverage, and proceeded to navigate to his law office. He took up a substantial looking white hat, and with a rather puzzled look tried to put it on *sideways*. Of course it wouldn't fit. He looked inside, holding it up toward the light, and read aloud: "Jonas Shooter, Esq., Attorney at Law, Jersey City."

(Soliloq)—"That's my hat—of course it is."

Another attempt to put it on sideways; no use. Again taking it off, and again read "Jonas Shooter, Esq., Attorney," &c.

After another trial, and finding it didn't fit, the gentleman commenced feeling all over his head, evidently as if to assure himself that no protuberance had suddenly declared itself.—Having satisfied himself on that point, he once more read the address, had another trial, and still sideways. There he stood, perfectly mystified; but an idea lightened up his face, and he called the waiter whom he apostrophised thus—

"Can you read writing?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, will you be good enough to tell me whose hat this is?"

Herman took the head case and having read, said—

"It belongs to Jonas Shooter, Esq., Jersey City."

"Does it?" and looking all around with the most comical air in the world he exclaimed—"does it?—*then who in the* (hic) *mischief am I?*"

CONCERNING DOORS.—When you go into a neighbor's premises, be sure to leave the doors as you find them. If you find a door shut, you may reasonably suppose that your friend wanted it shut, and therefore you have no right to leave it open; and if you find it open, no matter how cold the weather is, do you leave it open, for it is reasonable to suppose that it was left open for some good purpose. And the same is good for all places, whether they be houses, stores, factories, offices, or whatever they may be. Remember the rule—it has no exception; leave the doors as you find them. If the owner of a door does not know how he wants it, how do you know how he wants it?

CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS.—An exiled Pole describes, in an English paper, a cure for drunkenness. He says that the patient is shut up in a room, and debarred from all communication, except with his physician. As often as he pleases, spirits are given him, mixed with two-thirds of water. So, also, are all other drinks, as well as beer, coffee, or wine, mixed with one-third of water. The various kinds of solid food are all prepared with brandy; consequently the patient is in a continued state of intoxication. This lasts about five days. At the end of that time the patient implores other food, and ever afterward the smell of alcohol acts as an emetic.

THE Cleveland *Leader* says that at Corry, Ohio, the same gentleman is owner and editor of the two local papers, one of which is thoroughly Union and the other strongly Democratic.

Farm, House, &c.

Broken Bones in Animals.

Fracture of bones, occurring in domestic stock, is generally considered as a justifiable cause for their destruction. But I object to this summary mode of disposing of unfortunate yet valuable animals, for the truth is, many are killed that might be saved.

The trouble of managing, and the expense of treating cases of fracture, often deter husbandmen from performing a duty incumbent on them in view of protecting their property, and setting the part of the "good Samaritan," but the fact is, the trouble and expense are mere trifles, when the usefulness of a valuable animal is involved.

The remedy in case of a simple fracture of bones, under the improved system of practice, is neither tedious nor expensive. The bones unite very readily, if kept in contact, and the unity is secured by means of splints and bandages. Where there is any laceration of the colt parts, and the bone is broken into several pieces, the better way is to put an end to the suffering of the creature, for recovery is impossible.

An animal under treatment for fracture may be placed in the stalls, if necessary, but I prefer to let the patient have its liberty in a box stall. The limb opposite to the fractured one will have to sustain more weight than usual; therefore, I try to prevent swelling and stiffness by occasionally hand rubbing, or by bathing it once or twice daily with a portion of the following: oil of wormwood, one ounce; alcohol, two ounces, new rum, two qts., mix.

Cutting Potatoes.

The practice of cutting potatoes is adopted by many as a matter of economy. Experience, however, seems to have established, that the practice has an injurious influence upon the crop, especially when the planting is early, and the soil and weather cold. Last season, in order to test the thing, I tried several experiments, the results of which were in every case in favor of the uncut seed. The method adopted was as follows: Two rows of cut potatoes were planted in the centre of a piece—the tubers being divided as nearly in the centre as practicable—and two pieces allowed to each hill. On digging the roots it was found that the yield of the cut rows was less by one-tenth, by weight, than that of the uncut ones, and in point of size, a still more marked difference. I never plant the the smallest or the largest potatoes, but select those of medium size, and allow two potatoes to the hill.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

Temper in Treating Stock.

The farmer's stock around him partakes more or less of the quality of the owner or of those who attend upon it. A man's influence is imparted to his beasts, particularly the horses, the working cattle, and milk cows.—A man of irascible temper gets up a nervousness in a horse or a cow—The brute becomes afraid of him, and if of a vicious nature, is apt to be hurtful, spitefully influenced, perhaps irreclaimably spoiled—whereas a mild tempered, discriminative man will gradually smooth down the asperities of a harsh disposition. We have known milk cows, wild as deer, brought to a placid tractibility. The man is a superior—and his superior influence will be communicated. Wise stock raisers keep fools and irritants out of their stockyards.—*Exchange.*

Sound Horses.

First and foremost, if you wish to have sound horses get clean limbed and sound breeders; be sure to breed from no other than perfectly sound animals on both sides. The animals you breed from should not only be sound themselves, but be from sound ancestors. Ringbones, spavins, pinched feet, and many other troubles about horses, are quite as transmissible to the offspring as the color of the hair, or any other trait, either good or bad.

When farmers fully comprehend and realize the importance of selecting the best animals for breeders of all kinds of farm stock, farming interest will then have advanced a long stride ahead of what we have seen.—*Maine Farmer.*

Ashes.

Save coal as well as wood ashes.—At some asheries the leaches are shoveled into a river. It will pay to collect them in heaps, and cover the wet ashes with boards so that they will dry out by next winter, when teams may haul them to the fields where they are to be spread. They are greatly valued in the older parts of the country, and should be.

PEA STRAW is richer in oil and albuminous, or flesh forming matters, than the straw of the cereals. The woody fibre is also more digestible.—This fully accounts for the repute in which it is held as fodder for sheep and cattle.

SWEET OIL is a certain cure for snake bites. Apply internally and externally.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. H. RUTAN ..... J. L. ANDERSON.

J. S. RUTAN & Co.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

APRIL 25th, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

THE Legislature, at its recent session, passed an act requiring all keepers of Restaurants, Eating Houses and Ale Houses, to be licensed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, the application to be filed with the Clerk of Courts, and advertised in the same manner as Tavern Licenses are.—This law, we think, is a good one.—Heretofore Eating Houses, Ale Houses, &c., were licensed by the Treasurer on application, his bond being approved by the District Attorney. No discretion was given to the Treasurer in granting these licenses, and all who complied with the provisions of the law could obtain license. The consequence was that many bad men obtained license, and Eating Houses became, in some instances, greater curses than Taverns. Jurisdiction is now given to the Court of Quarter Sessions, and they have the right to hear remonstrances and exercise proper discretion in the premises.

This change will meet with general favor in this county, and with no persons more than with the Treasurer, District Attorney and Clerk of Courts, who have so often had occasion to regret their want of discretion in granting licenses.

SOME of the Democratic newspapers of the State are making quite an ado over a speech made in the State Senate in 1864, by Clymer, the Democratic candidate for Governor, in favor of instructing the Senators and Representatives in Congress to support a bill requiring soldiers to be paid in coin, or its equivalent. Clymer is represented as the peculiar friend of the soldier, and this speech published as sufficient proof of the fact. It is somewhat strange to find editors of Democratic newspapers, who throughout the war contributed in every way possible to embarrass the government, prevent enlistment, and cast reproach upon our arms by declaring the war a failure, and our soldiers a band of robbers, &c., now using this argument.—But we are fast becoming accustomed to their utter disregard of truth and consistency. Let us look for a moment at Clymer's right to the claim of the soldier's friend.

In 1863 he was a candidate for nomination for Governor, and failing to secure it himself, nominated Judge Woodward, and supported him with a great deal of ardor. Judge Woodward decided a soldier had no right to vote, and Clymer declared the decision right. Was that the voice of a friend?

Clymer opposed the Amendment to the Constitution giving the soldier in the field, who had been disfranchised by a Democratic Judge, the right to vote. Was that the act of a friend?

Clymer in 1863 publicly expressed his sympathy with Vallandigham, who was then in banishment for treason, and who boasted he never had and never would, vote a man or a dollar to carry on the war, and in 1864 Clymer declared the war a failure. Is there any particular friendship manifested for the soldier in these acts and expressions?

Clymer in his place in the Senate voted against every measure tending to strengthen the government, and consistently voted for every measure that promised to weaken the army and encourage the enemy. Was that the part of a friend?

Suppose Clymer did make a speech in favor of paying our soldiers in coin, what was his motive? Simply to embarrass the government. Gold was then a large premium, and the government struggling to maintain its credit. The object of Clymer and his friends was to create a feeling of discontent in the army, and distrust at home and abroad in our finances. It was only a scheme to weaken the government. Our readers will remember how the Democrats refused to invest in government securities, and how they rejoiced when the premium on gold advanced. We remember when the announcement to a Democratic meeting in Beaver county that gold had advanced to 250, called forth loud cheers from the Democracy. Was it friendship for the soldier that prompted this?

When Belmont, the hired emissary of the Confederacy, and Chairman of the National Democratic Committee in 1864, used his own and foreign capital to keep up the premium on gold, was it friendship for the soldier that prompted the act? He and Clymer were actuated by the same motive, viz: hatred of our cause and our defenders. It was this that prompted the speech now construed into a declaration of friendship for the soldier.—This is not the kind of a friend the soldiers appreciate. Gen. John W. Geary is the kind of friend the soldiers appreciate.

A NEW daily paper is about to commenced at Petroleum Centre, Venango county.

WE publish below the amended bounty bill, passed by the Legislature of this State at the late session, to secure veteran volunteers' local bounty to which they are entitled. The act provides that all veteran volunteers belonging to organizations of this State, who were regularly re-enlisted, re-mustered and credited to localities within the Commonwealth, shall be paid three hundred dollars local bounty, to be assessed and paid by the proper authorities of the locality to which the credit was given. After a hasty examination of the act, we fear that the provisions thereof will not meet the cases of many of our veteran volunteers. In this county, especially in the 101st Regiment, many who re-enlisted were not credited to any locality, being under the impression at the time that the State paid a local bounty, and in other cases the county. How far this bill may cover such cases remains to be determined. It is urged that districts and counties that actually received the credit of these veterans are entitled to pay therefor, and that it would be unjust to compel any district to pay a veteran whose credit the district did not receive. In view of the heavy debts contracted by the several military districts in securing volunteers, this additional burden might be oppressive, but we hope the time will come when every veteran, whether credited to any special locality or not so credited, shall receive the same bounty that was paid to other volunteers. It is objected to again because the Government paid these men four hundred dollars for re-enlisting, and that they have no claim for local bounty, having re-enlisted to secure the bounty offered by the Government. We fail to see the force of this argument, since it was in consequence of the re-enlistment of veterans that the country was not required to furnish a much larger number of recruits, and that the re-enlistment of these veterans did more than anything else to hasten the overthrow of the rebellion. The country owes the veterans a debt of gratitude that can never be fully repaid. If there are any who may not be provided for under this bill, we have only to say to them to wait a little longer, until the districts shall have paid off the debt already contracted, and we are satisfied provisions will be made to meet your claims. Every re-enlisted veteran has a just claim upon the people for his services, and that claim must at some time be paid.—The Government of the United States must as soon as able equalize the bounties, and those who remained at home must pay the veterans who took their places in the field.

The following is the amended bill:

WHEREAS, At the beginning of the late Rebellion, certain volunteers entered the military service of the United States, without receiving local bounty;

And Whereas, Many of said volunteers, while yet in said service, re-enlisted for three years more, under General Orders No. 191, current series, War Department, Washington, D. C, dated June 25, 1863, and its supplements;

And Whereas, Many of said veteran volunteers, through a misunderstanding of an Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act relating to the payment of bounties to volunteers," approved the 25th day of March, 1864, have not been able to secure local bounties from the proper authorities of the places to which they have given their credit; therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That all veteran volunteers belonging to organizations of this State, who have been regularly re-enlisted and re-mustered under General Orders No. 191 from the War Department, dated June 25, 1863, and extending to April 1, 1864, and who have not received any local bounty, nor given their credit to localities outside of the State, shall be paid a local bounty of three hundred dollars, which shall be paid by the proper authorities of such Counties, Cities, Wards, Boroughs and Townships as received the credit of such veteran volunteers, *Provided*, That in case such credit be given to localities or places included in the limits of any Township, such Township, or the proper authorities thereof, shall pay said bounty.

SECTION 2. Transcripts from the records in the Adjutant General's office of this State, certified to by the Adjutant General, as well as General Orders from the War Department shall be received in evidence, and the place of residence named in the re-enlistment and muster-in rolls shall, in the absence of other evidence, be considered the place of credit.

SECTION 3. That the School Directors of each and every Township, Ward, or Borough, in which such credits for veteran volunteers was received and counted in filling the quotas under the several calls of the President of the United States for troops, are hereby authorized to levy and collect a sufficient tax to pay said veteran volunteers, or their heirs or legal representatives; *Provided*, That said tax shall not be collected from officers and soldiers now in the service of the United States, or who have been in such service and have been honorably discharged therefrom, or widows and orphans or widowed mothers of such officers and soldiers who may have died from wounds received or disease contracted while in said service.

THE nomination of Hon. Henry Stansbury to the vacant place in the Supreme Bench of the United States, took everybody by surprise, because it was understood he was a resident of Ohio, having practiced law in Cincinnati for many years. Ohio has two of the Supreme Judges and two members of the Cabinet, and it was thought that was sufficient for one State. True, the New York *Tribune* states, Ohio has furnished more great men, and a better delegation in Congress for years than any other State in the Union. Yet other States are not willing to concede everything to our sister State. It appears however, that Stansbury resides in Kentucky, having moved over to Newport some years since. He is one of the ablest lawyers in the United States, and we know of no Kentuckian whom we would prefer for the position. He has ever been identified with the Whig and Republican parties. It is said he is now a supporter of the President's policy, and that he furnished the legal points to Mr. Johnson, in his veto of the Civil Rights Bill. It remains to be seen whether he will be confirmed by the Senate.

The Assassination.

A Washington special dispatch to the Pittsburg *Commercial* says:

"The House Judiciary Committee, having the investigation of the evidence relating to Jeff. Davis' alleged complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln under consideration to day, (20th) examined Dr. James Meredith, of Indianapolis, who testified that he was in Montreal in February, 1865, at a meeting of prominent Southerners, among whom were Saunders, Thompson, Tucker, and a number of others equally well known, and that the question of assassinating Lincoln, Stanton and Grant was discussed; that it was declared that it was going to take place at an early day, and that Booth was going to perform the act. He testifies that at the same time a letter from Jefferson Davis was received on the same subject, and that he, the witness, was afterwards told by Clement C. Clay that he (Clay) knew also all about it. In reply to a question by the witness he said he went from Newport, Kentucky, to Canada in 1864.

Fratricide in Kentucky—The Desperado Terrill.

LOUISVILLE, April 22.—At Brandensburg, on Friday afternoon, in an altercation between two brothers, named Kendrick and Alten Stanfield, respecting an old partnership, the latter having drawn a pistol, was killed instantly by the former.

On Friday, on the Christainburg and Shelbyville pike, Terrill, Withers, and a number of their old comrades, were seen moving towards Shelbyville. Considerable excitement was occasioned, as Terrill said he was watching for the parties who, being sworn for examination as jurors at his recent trial for murder at Shelbyville, stated they were satisfied Terrill should be hung. He says he will kill the last one of them.

Terrific Explosion and Great Loss of Life.

NEW YORK, April 20

The steam tug Arizona, from Aspinwall, has arrived. She brings $820,000 in specie.

A terrible disaster occurred at Aspinwall on the 3d inst. There was a fearful explosion on board the steam ship European, destroying the ship and four hundred feet of her wharf.—The cause of the explosion is supposed to be nitro glycerine on board.—About fifty persons were killed; among them the captain and officers of the ship.

THE FRENCH TROOPS TO BE WITHDRAWN.—The French Minister had an interview with the Secretary of State on Saturday. It is said that he presented the formal adhesion of the French government to the American principle of non-intervention, as explained by the Secretary of State.—The Emperor kindly and cordially replies to the United States, and agrees to withdraw his troops in three detachments. One of them next November, and the others in May and November, 1867. The full and final correspondence between the two Governments which led to this important result will, it is expected, be sent to the House of Representatives this week, in answer to a call recently made on the Department of State on motion of Mr. McKee, of Kentucky.

WHAT THE WAR COST THE SOUTH.—Matthew F. Maury, ex-director of the National Observatory at Washington, ex-rebel, and present colonizer in Mexico, is now in Paris, engaged in petitioning the rebel sympathizers in England and France for the relief of destitute Southerners. He has written a three-column letter, in which he estimates the loss of the South by the war at $7,000,000,000 (seven thousand millions.) In this he includes the value of the slaves, war expenses, destruction of private property, and federal taxation.

"NOT a single man that served under Geary in Mexico," says the Bellefonte *Watchman*, "will vote for him." To which the editor of the Ebensburg *Alleghenian* replies by asserting that if the editor of the *Watchman* were to come up here to Cambria county, where Geary raised the company which he led to Mexico, and make the foregoing assertion, he would have the *lie* crammed down his throat, not by a "single man," but by scores.

THE Supreme Court of Massachusetts, in a case tried before the full bench on demurrers, has decided as follows: A revenue stamp is no part of the note and need not be copied; nor is the validity of a note affected by the want of a stamp unless it is fraudulently omitted.

CONGRESS.

SENATE.

APRIL 17.—Resolutions were introduced to provide fire-proof buildings at the Schuylkill Arsenal (referred); to print 5,000 copies of the Report of the Patent Commissioner (adopted); and directing the name of forts called after Rebels to be changed (referred). Bills were introduced to punish the making or use of false brands, stamps, &c. (referred;) and to regulate the number and appointment of officers in the Navy (referred.) A Conference Committe was appointed on the liquor resolution. Mr. Conness made a personal explanation. The motion to reconsider the vote on the admission of Colorado was called up, debated, and went over. The bill for the relief of certain naval contractors was debated, and pending its consideration, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

A bill was reported from the Committee on Commerce, making appropriations for the repair, &c., of public works, and referred. A number of Pension bills were reported and pending debate on one of them, the morning hour expired. The house took up the the Army bill, and discussed the Veteran Reserve Corps section.—A motion to strike it out—abolishing the Veteran Reserve—was lost, yeas 30, nays 84. A motion to repeal all acts authorizing colored regiments was rejected, 23 to 85. It was voted to dispense for the present with the evening sessions. After some personal explanation the House adjourned.

SENATE.

APRIL 18.—The House bill to reorganize the Pay Department of the Navy was reported with an amendment. Resolutions were adopted calling for information as to the board lately in session at St. Louis on brevet appointments; and appropriating $127,085 to fulfil certain Indian treaties.—The bill for relief of certain naval contractors was taken up and postponed till to-day. The resolution of thanks to Gen. Hancock, and a resolution appointing managers for the National Asylum for Disabled Soldiers were passed. The Post Office Appropriation bill was debated and postponed till to-day. The House bill to amend the Habeas Corpus act was taken up, debated and amended, and pending its consideration the Senate went into Executive Session, and then adjourned.

HOUSE.

A bill was passed appropriating $6,483 96 for the relief of J. G. Clark.—Bills were introduced for the relief of Com. J. C. Carter; to aid a Minnesota Railroad, and to amend the Agricultural College act. The bill to increase the salary of the Commissioner of Pensions was rejected, 58 to 63. Various memorials and resolutions were presented. An invitation to the members of the House to be present at the Emancipaton celebration of the colored citizens of the District was received and read. The Army bill was then taken up, and the vote adopting the Veteran Reserve section was reconsidered, and an amendment mustering out the Veteran Reserve officers not actually employed was adopted, 59 to 43. Adjourned.

SENATE.

APRIL 19.—Mr. McDougall made an apology for his language in the Senate on a recent occasion. Various petitions were presented. A bill was reported to issue American registers to certain British-built vessels. A resolution was adopted to print 6,000 copies of the eulogies on Senator Foot.—The Colorado bill was taken up, debated, and made the special order for Tuesday next. The bill to amend the habeas corpus act came up, with a question pending on Mr. Edmund's amendment of yesterday, but without further proceedings the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Bills were reported to regulate the terms of the United States Courts in the Eastern District of New York; to provide military instruction in the Agricultural Colleges; a bill making appropriation to supply deficiencies; and a bill to construct a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara. The latter was debated and laid over till next Tuesday. The army bill was taken up. An amendment to increase the infantry companies from 50 to 100 privates, was rejected, 45 to 65.—An amendment to make the term of enlistment five years instead of three, was rejected, 40 to 61. Sections from the sixth to the thirteenth inclusive were considered, and after a long debate the bill was laid aside for other business. Resolutions were introduced to print 50,000 copies of Stephen's testimony; and authorizing an examination of a bill for a fresh water basin for iron clads. Two bills concerning the District of Columbia were introduced, and Senate bills were referred. Mr. Smith introduced a bill to provide a Uniform militia. Various petitions were presented. Adjourned.

SENATE.

APRIL 20.—The Pacific Railroad Committee was discharged from the further consideration of the bill to aid the Southern Pacific Railroad. Resolutions were passed to extend the time for completing the first 20 miles of the Western Pacific Railroad to January 1, 1867; and appropriating $50,000 to enable the President to reward the crew of the San Francisco. The bill to amend the habeas corpus act was taken up. Mr. Edmund's amendment limiting the act to States in rebellion was rejected, 10 to 29. Various amendments were rejected; one by Mr. Hendricks was adopted, and the bill passed, Yeas, 30; Nays, 4. Adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE.

The bill to grant a pension of $421 50 to Ishmael Day was passed—Yeas, 106; Nays, 13. Resolutions were adopted remitting part of a contract-penalty to John Wiles & Sons; and calling for a report on the South-West Pass. The Senate bill to issue bonds to T. G. Oswald was passed. The House then went into Committee of the Whole, and considered the Army bill; votes were taken on several sections, when the House resumed, and a number of bills were reported from Committees, and petitions presented. At 4½ o'clock the House adjourned.

APRIL 21.—Senate not in Session.

In the House, as usual on Saturdays, general debate was the order of the day, which was participated in by Messrs. Miller, Thomas, Smithe, Schofield, Shallaberger, Randall and Ritter.

SENATE.

APRIL 23.—The bill to regulate commerce and postal communication between the States was called up; also a bill to repeal the act to cede the county of Alexandria in the District of Columbia to Virginia.

HOUSE.

A resolution was offered instructing the Committee on Expenditures to investigate alleged frauds in the revenue in Boston and New York; Mr. Latham offered a resolution that the Committee on Reconstruction be relieved from further consideration of all matters pertaining to the Representation from Tennessee, and that the credentials be referred to the Committee on Elections, with instructions to report as soon as practicable upon the election returns and qualifications of said representatives. The judiciary committee made an adverse report on the position of the President to modify the test oath; a message was received from the President respecting the collection of the remains of our soldiers killed and buried about Atlanta; a bill to allow U. S. Revenue Assessors to appoint deputies.

From Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18, 1866

Dispatches, dated March 23, received to-day from Mazatlan, state that the French army, 1,100 strong, reenforced from Tepic, attacked Gens. Corona and Rubi, three miles from Mazatlan.

After a severe battle the French were entirely defeated, with the loss of 700 killed and wounded, 350 scattered, and the remainder returned to Mazatlan.

All the streets in Mazatlan were barricaded, and there was but little doubt that the Republicans would soon occupy the place.

GEORGE PEABODY, the American banker doing business in England, after having amassed an immense fortune in that country, and bestowed princely sums to permanently relieve the indigent poor of London, is about to leave the Old World to resume his citizenship in the United States.—The Queen of England recently indicated her desire to recognize Mr Peabody's worth and virtues by placing a title at his disposal. He gratefully acknowledges Victoria's kind appreciation, but firmly declined her honor, for the reason that he is an *American freeborn citizen*, which he considers the highest earthly honor any man can enjoy. We wonder how many of the money snobs living now in this country could have resisted this offer of a title?

GENERAL GRANT in a recent conversation with Rev. George Hepworth, of Boston, said of General Sherman: "Sherman is a man to be proud of.—He is impetuous, he is faulty, but he knows his own fault as soon as any man." And of Sheridan, he said: "He is the best man in America. He has no poet. He can wield any force. He is pure-hearted, simple-mannered and a truly noble man." And of himself he said: "There were a thousand others who could have done the things as well as I. I am thankful to God that he helped me to do the work, but had I not been living, or had the Government passed over me, there are other men who would have won the victory for you."

THE Richmond *Examiner*, in discussing the Civil Rights Bill, asks the Southern people to "pray that the cholera may decide the question between our adversaries and ourselves." That is not an amiable form of piety; but as the times go, we must be thankful it is no worse. It will be remembered that the rebels tried "the infecting game" during the war, but it failed.

THE New York *Tribune's* special from Eastport says there is no excitement, and the presence of a few Fenians organizing circles is the foundation for sensations. The *World's* special from Calais reports the excitement is immense over nothing.—Seventeen Fenians compose the right wing of the grand army, under Captain Garnier. The left rests at Eastport, under Captain Doyle.

PRESENTATION OF THE STATE FLAGS.—Philadelphia has been selected as the place where the tattered and torn flags of the Pennsylvania regiments shall be formally returned to the keeping of the Commonwealth. The Committee of the Legislature having the matter in charge has made arrangements for the ceremony, which is to take place in Independence Square on the 4th of July next. Of the 216 State flags carried during the war, but four were lost in battle.—This is a proud record for the Pennsylvania soldiers.

PROMOTION OF BOOTH'S CAPTOR.—Edward P. Doherty, the captor of Booth, was last week appointed a Second Lieutenant in the Fifth Regular Cavalry.

BRICK are three dollars per thousand lower in New York. Lath have declined from six to four dollars per thousand, and lime has declined from two dollars to a dollar and twenty five cents per barrel.

HOOKSTOWN, April 14, 1866.

EDITORS ARGUS:—A few days since I received a letter from a prominent citizen of the county, informing me that certain parties were charging Gen. John S. Littell with taking men to Camp Dennison, Ohio, and selling them, and requesting me to investigate the matter. I was well aware of the falsehood of the charge, because I was familiar with the circumstances that led Gen. Littell to go to Camp Dennison at the time he did (1861), but to make the denial more certain and satisfactory to the public, I addressed a note to parties that must know all about the conduct of General Littell at the time referred to. You may, if you think it necessary to vindicate the character of a brave and worthy man from a foul charge, publish the correspondence.

Yours, &c., M. LAWRENCE.

WELLSVILLE, O, April 12th, 1866.

DR. M. LAWRENCE, *Hookstown, Pa.*: DEAR SIR: In answer to yours of yesterday, I will say that in June, 1861, the 3d Regiment, O V. I. was recruiting, or rather re organizing, at Camp Dennison, Ohio. Company G of the regiment refused to be mustered into the service for three years, and was detached. Rev. Dallas, then of East Liverpool, O., obtained permission to recruit a company for the regiment, to supply the place of the one detached, but through the 13th of June,—I think I am correct in the date,—1861, he and J. S. Littell came to Camp Dennison with a company, for the purpose of filling the vacancy which had existed, but through some misunderstanding, or bad faith upon the part of the Colonel of the regiment, the vacancy had been filled up the day previous by another Company. Upon ascertaining these facts, a number of the men who had come with Dallas and Littell returned home; a few went into Co. K, 3d Ohio, then commanded by myself; some went into Co. F, and one or two into Co. G, of the same regiment. To my certain knowledge no sale was made of any man by Mr. Littell, nor was there any propositions looking to that end made or received. The men who enlisted there were determined to go into the service, and I know that Mr. Littell neither encouraged or discouraged them in so doing. I lacked a few men to fill my Company, and after I learned that Dallas and Littell could not get in as a Company, I went among the boys and recruited as many men as I wanted. Other officers did the same. We done it without consulting Mr. Littell, entirely on our own responsibility. Yours truly,

A. H. BATTIN.

WELLSVILLE, April 13, 1866.

Editors Argus: Permit me through the columns of your paper to state to the citizens of Beaver county that I was at Camp Dennison in 1861 when Gen. Littell arrived there with his men; and I know that the story now in circulation in your county accusing him of selling his men to fill up the 3d O. V. I., or "any other Regiment," to be a base fabrication.

The facts of the case are these: Gen. Littell was promised if he raised a full company that it should have a place (Co. G) in the 3d O. V. I. Through unexplained interference of the Colonel, the vacancy was filled by a company from another regiment.

Gen. Littell thus having been disappointed, gave his men the privilege of returning home or entering any organization they might choose. Many of them enlisted in our regiment, 3d O. V. I.; and in every case of their enlistment the act was voluntarily.

During Gen. Littell's stay in Camp Dennison he quartered with me. I never saw anything exceptionable in his deportment; on the contrary, I recognised in him a gentleman, a patriot, and a soldier.

JAMES M. IMBRIE,
Late Captain, 3d O. V. I.

WM. B. CLARKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 85 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURG, PA

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO Collections, and the purchase and sale of Real Estate. And will also attend to the business of his profession in Beaver Co. [apr25

Lost:

COMMISSIONERS' RECEIPT for Unseated Lands in the borough of Bridgewater, for the years 1861 and 1862, allowed on settlement with J. M. Barbour, Collector of Taxes, April 2, 1862, for $42,28. Any person finding the same will please return to THOS. ALLISON, Treasurer of School Board, Bridgewater. [apr25

BEAVER COUNTY OIL COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the above-named company, on the 19th day of May next, at the U. S. Revenue office, Beaver.

A full attendance is requested, as business of importance is to be transacted.

D. L. IMBRIE, President.
S. DAVENPORT, Secretary. [apr25

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS!

I HAVE just received a new stock of Goods, of the

LATEST STYLES,

FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,

Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,

apr25'66 BRIDGEWATER.

DESOTO OIL COMPANY.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE "DESOTO OIL CO." are hereby notified that a meeting of said company will be held at the OFFICE OF A. J. PETTIT, Esq., in the borough of Glasgow, Beaver county, Penna., on *Thursday, the 17th day of May*, 1866, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of organising said company under the act of July 18th, 1863, and transacting such other business as may be requisite in order to obtain Letters Patent under said act, and the supplement, approved April 29th, 1864.

A. J. PETTIT, President.
CHAS. B. HURST, Secretary. [apr25-3t

CURB AND PAVING STONE WANTED.

PROPOSALS are invited for the whole or part of 25,000 feet of Curb Stone six (6) inches face, two (2) feet depth; also for fifty thousand (50,000) square yards of good river paving stone. Address

MONAGHAN & SWAN,
apr18:5t Box 297 Allegheny City, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PITTS. FT. W. & C. R. R.

On and after Nov. 19, 1865, Trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 5.50 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.		Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	250AM	"	700AM	145PM	545PM
Rochester	400	"	830	305	655
N. Brighton	....	"	843	315	705
Enon	442	"	935	408	752
Columbiana	517	"	1017	447	830
Salem	540	"	1048	515	900
Alliance	630	"	1150	615	1000
Canton	705	"	1242PM	703	1050
Massillon	730	"	102	730	1120
Orrville	802	"	145	810	955
Wooster	830	"	222	845	955
Loudonville	922	"	328	945	1055
Mansfield	1010	"	425	1035	1145
Crestline Ar	1045	"	500	1110	1215AM
Crestline De	1115	"	640AM	700AM	1255
Bucyrus	1145	"	710	733	135
U. Sandusky	1224PM	"	750	823	225
Forest	1255	"	825	857	300
Lima	213	"	943	1020	440
Delphos	253	"	1025	1102	520
Van Wert	324	"	1100	1139	556
Fort Wayne	500	"	1235PM	145PM	640
Columbia	545	"	122	286	730
Huntsville	....	"	....	....	....
Pierceton	....	"	....	....	....
Warsaw	639	"	215	333	815
Bourbon	....	"	....	....	....
Plymouth	741	"	322	440	925
Wanatah	....	"	....	....	....
Valparaiso	922	"	458	630	1105
Hobart	....	"	....	....	....
Clarke	....	"	....	....	....
Ill C. RR. Cros	....	"	....	....	....
R Isl. RR J'n	....	"	....	....	....
Chicago	1120	"	700	840	1255PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's	Exp's
Chicago	440AM	620AM	550PM	1020PM
R. Isl RR June	....	....	....	....
Ill C. RR Cros	....	....	....	....
Clarke	....	....	....	....
Hobart	....	....	....	....
Valparaiso	650	805	741	1245
Wanatah	....	....	....	....
Plymouth	844	940	940	225
Bourbon	....	....	....	....
Warsaw	1002	*1038*	*1035*	337
Pierceton	....	....	....	....
Huntsville	....	....	....	....
Columbia	1101	1125	1122	432
Fort Wayne	1235PM	1230PM	1225AM	555
Van Wert	211	143	146	720
Delphos	253	214	214	750
Lima	335	247	247	820
Forest	415	357	407	900
U. Sandusky	525	425	440	1025
Bucyrus	609	503	525	1112
Crestline Ar	640	530	600	1145
Crestline De	730AM	600	640	1245
Mansfield	810	633	715	1315
Loudonville	922	718	800	1400
Wooster	1025	811	850	1455
Orrville	1100	838	920	1525
Massillon	1145	914	956	1605
Canton	1205PM	932	1017	1625
Alliance	120	1020	1140	1735
Salem	200	1055	1205PM	1810
Columbiana	230	1117	1231	1840
Enon	320	1152	112	1925
N. Brighton	410	1225AM	149	2015
Rochester	430	1240	200	2035
Pittsburgh	600	150	310	2200

For New Castle and Erie, 6.40 a. m. accommodation trains leave Allegheny for Brighton—9 00 a. m; 11.50 a. m; 2.05 p. m; 4.20 p. m; 5.40 p. m. For Economy, 10.30 a. m. For New Castle, Greenville and Meadville, 3.50 p m.

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLEVE. & PITTS' RR.

On and after Dec. 11, 1865, trains will leave stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	800AM	225PM	....	350PM
Euclid street	811 "	236 "	....	357 "
Hudson	915 "	333 "	....	458 "
Akron	....	....	....	....
Orrville	....	....	....	....
Millersburg	....	....	....	....
Ravenna	950 "	405 "	....	530 "
Alliance	1049 "	450 "	....	625 "
Bayard	1125 "	520 "	....	....
Wellsville	1255PM	655 "	....	....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	Accom
Wellsville	840AM	515PM	....	....
Bayard	1012 "	658 "	....	....
Alliance	1100 "	728 "	60AM	....
Ravanna	1150 "	817 "	125	....
Millersburg	....	....	....	....
Orrville	....	....	....	....
Akron	....	....	....	....
Hudson	1227PM	851 "	600 "	....
Euclid street	132 "	949 "	916 "	....
Cleveland	145 "	1000 "	930 "	....

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's	Accom
Belaire	1040AM	600AM	405PM	....
Bridgeport	1050 "	615 "	415 "	....
Lagrange	1139 "	711 "	528 "	....
Steubenville	1158PM	733 "	715 "	715PM
Wellsville	115 "	840 "	....	730 "
Smith's Ferry	137 "	905 "	....	855 "
Beaver	207 "	940 "	....	930 "
Rochester	215 "	1000 "	815AM	940 "
Pittsburgh	330 "	1115 "	930 "	1100 "

GOING WEST.

	Exps.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Pittsburgh	230PM	505PM	600AM	830AM
Rochester	340 "	620 "	715 "	919 "
Beaver	....	....	723 "	925 "
Smith's Ferry	426 "	....	755 "	950 "
Wellsville	520 "	720 "	830 "	1040 "
Steubenville	626 "	819 "	940 "	1150 "
Lagrange	648 "	838 "	1000 "	....
Bridgeport	737 "	930 "	1105 "	....
Bellaire	750 "	940 "	1120 "	....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves		Arrives
N. Philadelphia	7.10 a m	Bayard, 9.50 P M
Bayard, 11.4 a m,		N. Philadel. 2.20 P M

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

April 25th, 1866.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ WM. BINGHAM, JR., 54 Fifth st., Pittsburg, is the authorised agent for the ARGUS in that city.

☞ Rev. J. K. Miller presented to the M. E. Church in Beaver, last week, a splendid Bible and Hymn Book. Just ten years ago he made a like presentation to the same church.

☞ The editor of the Erie *Dispatch* has commenced suits against several parties for stealing the paper from the doors of subscribers.

☞ The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company have appointed a corps of surgeons along the line of their road, who are to be called in all cases of injury to passengers or employees of the road.

☞ Wm. M'Guire, the young man who robbed the safe of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R., some months ago, was last week sent to the Penitentiary for three years.

☞ We are authorized to announce the name of James I. Reed, of Darlington, as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Common Schools of Beaver County.

RESUMED PAYMENT.—The First National Bank of Titusville, which temporarily suspended in consequence of Culver, Penn & Co's failure, has resumed payment. The stockholders of the Bank came forward and supplied funds.

MEETING OF COUNTY COMMITTEE.—A meeting of the Union County Committee will be held at the Sheriff's Office in Beaver, on Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A full attention is desired.

D. L. IMBRIE, Ch'n.

ANOTHER SPRING.—James Little and F. P. G. Taylor struck oil on the Little Beaver, between Glasgow and the Little Beaver bridge. It is pronounced to be one of the best strikes yet made in the Island Run and Little Beaver Oil Region.

☞ I. G. Gordon, Esq., of Brookville, has been appointed by Gov. Curtin, Judge of the new Judicial District, formed by the Legislature during the session just closed. It comprises the counties of Mercer and Venango, leaving Judge Campbell the counties of Clarion, Jefferson and Forest.

TAKING OFF HEADS.—The President has sent to the Senate the name of Andrew L. Robinson to be Postmaster at Allegheny, Pa. *vice* S. Riddle removed, and W. F. Johnson to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Allegheny City District, *vice* D. N. White removed.

SCHOOL STATEMENTS.—By the Common School Law of the State, it is made the duty of Directors "to publish an annual statement of the amount of moneys received and expended, and the amount due from collectors, and setting forth all the financial operations of the district, in not less than ten written or printed handbills, to be put up in the most public places in the district."

☞ A dispatch to the Pittsburg *Commercial* says that the steamer Saint Cloud sunk on Sunday, last at Brown's Island, near Steubenville. She is now lying on the bar, with the water just over the main deck. It is thought she can be raised. No lives were lost.

STATE FAIR.—The Committee on location of the State Fair have not concluded where it shall be held, but in all probability it will be in one of the eastern counties. It is intimated that Erie will be selected as the place for the exhibition of 1867.

EXHIBITION AT FREEDOM.—An exhibition will be given in the M. E. Church, Freedom, on to-morrow (Thursday) evening, commencing at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the benefit of the Freedom M. E. S. School. The exhibition will consist of literary performances, tableaux, &c., &c., and will be interspersed with both vocal and instrumental music. Admission, 50 cents.

☞ The Monongahela *Republican* of the 19th says: On Friday last some farmers engaged in plowing on the farm of Squire Shannon, in Fallowfield township, this county, witnessed a scene somewhat strange to this neck of woods. In an adjoining field some ewes and lambs were quietly grazing, and while the attention of the plowman was directed to them by remarks of some one in the crowd, a large American eagle was seen to sweep down, and seizing a week-old lamb, with a loud scream flew off far above the tree-tops, bearing the bleating lamb in its talons. This sudden rise in mutton so astonished the farmers that for a while they maintained a silence not unmixed with admiration; but, recovering themselves, set up a shout and halloa which seemingly frightened the proud bird, for it let go its hold, and the lamb fell to the ground with a force which reduced it to a state of mutton chops and sheep skin in a very short space of time. The bird still lingers around the neighborhood a very good mark for sportsmen, who have thus far been unable, however, to bring him to the earth.

The Italian Artistes,

Who have been delighting our public this week, says the Pittsburg *Gazette*, with their splendid renditions of some of the finest and most favorite operas, have just written the following letter; which we copy:

"After much experience in using the Piano Fortes of Messrs. Chickering & Sons' manufacture, we are fully convinced of their most excellent and unsurpassable qualities. They possess that depth, power and evenness of tone, joined with a sympathetic and singing quality, which supports perfectly and blends most harmoniously with the human voice; making them very desirable instruments for accompanying the voice for singing. For our operatic performances we find them perfectly adapted, and recommend them most heartily to the public."

(Signed)
Angiolina Ghioni,
Amalia Paul Strakosch,
Pauline Canissa,
M. Francisco Rosa,
Angotino Susini
A. Maccaferri,
Achille Errani,
G. Manbusi,
M. Strakosch.

The splendid toned upright Piano used at the Opera, is one of "Chickering's," as is also the one sent to the Monongahela House, for their use during their stay; both furnished by Mr. Mellor, the extensive Piano dealer, on Wood street, and the sole agent for the renowned "Chickering."

See advertisement in another column.

Lawrence Oil Well!--200 Barrels.

For some time past it has been reported that there was a big oil strike on the Slipperyrock creek, at Aiken's fording, in this county, and that large quantities of oil was running into the creek for want of tankage. We knew that there was oil in that vicinity, as the Collins & Smith well has been producing from twenty to thirty barrels per day when pumping, for some time past; however, we doubted the report that the well of the "Lawrence Petroleum Company" was producing the amount stated.

On Tuesday last we went out with Mr. R. Lawrence, the superintendent and manager of the works, and a couple of other gentlemen, found the engine in motion and the well yielding a large amount of oil. The news of the big strike had brought quite a number of persons present from different sections. Gentlemen who had experience in oil wells said at once that the well was producing oil at the rate of 200 barrels every twenty-four hours; others estimated it at more—We remained on the ground for five or six hours, and ther. with others, tested by actual time and measurement the amount produced. A pail full of pure oil would pass through the tube connecting the tanks in twelve seconds—a pail full of oil and water as it came from the well passed into the bucket in ten seconds—the oil and water was then left standing a few minutes when the water was drawn off and the oil in the bucket was the product of the well in ten seconds, which was a trifle over one gallon. This experiment was tried several times, so that all present were satisfied that the yield was one gallon in that time. At this rate the product of the well would be 360 gallons per hour, making 8640 gallons in twenty-four hours, a little over 200 barrels. We noticed the workings of the well for some time and were inclined to the opinion that the amount of oil produced was on the increase. Mr. Lawrence had tankage up to hold two thousand barrels, and in a few days will have tankage for fourteen hundred barrels in addition. If the amount of oil now produced ce[illegible] the profits of this well will compare with any other well, as the oil is of superior quality for lubricating purposes. The engine is kept in motion day and night, and at last reports the well was yielding oil in about the same proportion as above stated.—*Lawrence Journal.*

☞ The body of a woman, supposed to be about fifty-five years of age, was found floating in the Ohio river, near Freedom, on Saturday. She had on a black dress, quilted hood, blue stockings and low shoes. Coroner M'Coy held an inquest, when the jury came to the conclusion she was drowned, as there was no marks of violence on her person. A one dollar bill, twenty-five cents in scrip, and three coppers were found on her person.—She was buried in the public burying ground at that place. Any information wanted may be had by calling on T. G. Kerr, at Freedom.

☞ At Pardee's Drug Store, in Rochester, may be found the largest and best selected lot of paints, oils, &c., in the county, which he proposes to sell at about cost prices. We visited the Drug Store a few days since and found everything as represented. Mr. Pardee is a gentleman, and not only treats customers well, but sells to them at low rates.

☞ The Etna Oil Company struck a fine show of oil on Saturday last.—From what we learn, we have no doubt they have a fine well. This well is on the property owned by the Beaver County Oil Company, and the first well down. We expect to hear of other strikes on this property soon.

A STRANGE BIRD.—On the first of March last, Mr. William McClusky shot and crippled a large bird, on the farm of the widow Satterfield, in Pulaski township. It measures five feet nine inches from tip to tip of the wings. We saw it a few days since—it is pronounced by some to be a Turkey Vulture, a native of Java. It may be—we do not know.—*Lawrence Journal.*

CONGRESS has decided that none of the forts, arsenals, military posts or naval stations belonging to the United States shall bear the name of a disloyal personage, or in any way be used to perpetuate the memory of a traitor. Of course the copperheads will object to this as a wrong.

THOS. SHIELDS, convicted of the deliberate murder of a man named Robert Taylor, was hung at Libby prison, in Richmond, on Friday. He was impenitent to the last. Houser and Bouser, the Paul-Mundy murderers, were hung at Ebensburg, Cambria county, on the same day.

H. J. Ellicott, a youth of eighteen, has executed in plaster, a life-size statue of the late President Lincoln, which has been placed in the Capitol at Washington, where it attracts much attention.

THE title of *Pater Senatus* must now be divided equally between Mr. Wade and Mr. Sumner, both of whom entered the Senate at the same time, and now count sixteen years of continuous service.

☞ The foundation for the monument to the memory of the deceased soldiers of Venango county, is now being laid in the public square at Franklin.

MARRIED:

On the 17th inst., by the Rev. J. S. Fairly, THOMAS S. DANNALS, of Pittsburg, to Miss MARY E. BROWN, of Beaver county, Pa.

DIED:

On the 16th of March, in the 4th year of his age, MILO, son of Henry and Martha J. Jackson, of Freedom, Beaver county.

Important to Housekeepers.

The steady reduction of the premium on gold has sensibly affected every branch of business. The cost of merchandize in general, is growing less to the consumer every day. Stiles & Shallenberger announce to the public, what their customers have already discovered, a heavy reduction in the price of Groceries.

They give no quotations, as prices are almost daily changing, and with a downward tendency. This much, however, they will say: With a full knowledge of the Grocery business, they buy the best quality of goods to be found in the best markets, at the lowest cash rates, and have resolved to sell them at an unusually small profit.

Goods for distant points, are carefully packed, plainly marked, and delivered free of charge, at either of the railroad stations, or on board the trains, when freight is prepaid.

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,
Dealers in Groceries and Queensware,
Bridgewater, Pa.

TO CANDIDATES.—A number of canditates have already handed in their names for publication. As the County Convention will not likely be called for some weeks yet, we will not publish the names at present. Our charge for inserting names will be as follows:

Senate, Assembly, and Judge	$5,00
Sheriff and Register & Recorder	4,00
Commissioner and Clerk of Courts	3,00
Poor House Director and Auditor	1,00

No name will be published, unless accompanied with the money. Candidates, or their their friends, who desire to accompany the announcement with a card will be charged five cents per line, which is half our usual advertising rates.

To the School Directors of Beaver Co.

GENTLEMEN:—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the act of May, 1854, amended during the present year, you are hereby notified to meet in Convention at the Court House, in Beaver, on the first Tuesday in May, A. D. 1866, being the first day of the month, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and select *viva voce*, by a majority of the whole number of Directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent for the three succeeding years, determine the amount of compensation for the same, and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said act.

J. I. REED, Co. Superintendent.
Darlington, Pa., April 5th, '66

BEAVER MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY WM. ORR.

Flour per bbl		$10 75
Dried Apples per bus		2 50
do Peaches	"	3 00
Wheat	"	2 00
Corn	"	75
Oats	"	40
Flax Seed,	"	2 25
Beans,	"	1 75
Potatoes,	"	1 00
Onions,	"	1 50
Corn Meal,	"	80
Eggs,	per doz	20
Butter,	per lb	50
Hams,	"	25
Shoulders,	"	18
Sides,	"	20
Tallow,	"	15
Lard,	"	15
Candles,	"	20
Molasses,	per gall	90
Carbon oil,	"	70

PITTSBURG MARKETS.

MONDAY, April 23, 1866

SEEDS—Clover is dull at $5 50@6 00; timothy is scarce; flax seed is nominal at $2 50 per bushel.

POTATOES — Sales of 100 bushels peach blows, $1 20 from store—sales 150 barrels do $3 60; 100 do $3 50; 25 do $3 75. Inferior parcels sold at lower figures.

HAY—Sales 18 loads at the scales, at $22@30 per ton: a material advance. Sales 40 bales on wharf, $20.

FLOUR—Sales 110 bbls $10 50; 86 bbls $10 60; 90 bbls do choice, $11 00. Spring Wheat, sales 75 bbls store, $9 00; 130 do in lots $9 00.

CHEESE—Sales, 100 boxes Goshen from store, 24@25c. Hamburg 23c.

DRIED APPLES—Sales of 15 bbls Eastern 16c.

BUTTER—Sales 10 pkgs roll, 42c; 7 do 40c, and 4 do choice, 45.

EGGS—Sales of 10 bbls at 20@21c. Prices appeared weak.

GROCERIES—Sugar—Sales of Cuba at 12@13½c; Porto Rico, 12½@14c; A, 16c; B, 15½c; crushed, 17c. Coffee—Sales were made at 26½@28c. Molasses—Sales of Porto Rico at 75@87½c; sorghum, 60@75c; choice, 80@85c per gallon.

GRAIN—Wheat firm; sales of 2 cars club at $1 90; sales of 1,000 bush red at $2 15.—Barley firm, with sales of spring at 75c; fall, 90c. Rye—Sales of Pennsylvania on delivery at 75c. Oats were firm: sales of 900 bush at 50c, Corn—70@75c.

BACON—Shoulders, 12½c; sides, 15c; sugar cured hams, 20½@21c.

LARD OIL—Sales of 20 bbls No. 1 at $1 65@1 67.

HO! EVERYBODY!

BEAVER BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM!

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTION

TO PURCHASERS!

HAVING just received a large stock of LADIES', GENT'S BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SHOES BOOTS, GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c.,

For Spring and Summer Wear,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

I am prepared to accommodate my old customers and the public generally. I have the best selected stock ever offered in Beaver, purchased at reduced prices, and will be sold at rates so low that purchasers will be reminded of old times. If any of the stock sold should rip, I will repair it free of charge. Thankful for past favors, I still claim a liberal share of public patronage. ROBT TALLON,

apr18 (At Old Stand,) BEAVER, PA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES MURRAY, late of Darlington township, Beaver co., dec'd., having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

NATHAN EAKIN, Administrator.
apr4'66. Darlington tp.

SPRING MILLINERY AND Straw Goods. CHEAP, AT GEALY'S NEW MILLINERY, TRIMMING AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

BRIDGEWATER

BONNETS,

Silk and Straw all the latest styles.

Ladies', Misses and Children's Hats,

Large stock, *Latest Styles*, all cheap.

Trimmings.

All kinds, *very cheap*. Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, Plumes, Ornaments, Fancy Silver and Mixed Cords and Tassels, Hair Rolls, Hair Nets, Fancy Combs, Fancy and Mourning Collars, Embroideries, all kinds, Shirt Fronts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Dress Buttons, Braids, Cords and Ruffles, old Ladies' Caps, &c.

LADIES' FINE BASKETS,

Hosiery & Gloves,

BLACK & WHITE BALMORAL SKIRTS, MEN & BOYS' HATS, HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' CLOTHS.

SHOES.

Lasting and Kid Gaiters, cheaper than ever.

☞ These goods will be sold *very cheap*.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS

Millinery.

Straw Bonnets and Hats altered and cleaned, VERY CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.

Men's shirts made to order; machine stitching.

☞ Remember the place — opposite the store of A. C. Hurst, corner Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

$25, THE $25.

Union Business College!

Handel and Haydn Hall,

Eighth and Spring Garden streets,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A.M.,
President and Consulting Accountant.

Extraordinary Inducements!!

Novel and Permanent Arrangement of Business College Terms,

From April 1 to October 1, 1866,

AND SUCCEEDING YEARS.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS, including Bookkeeping, Business Correspondence, Forms and Customs, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Penmanship, Detecting Counterfeit Money, and Commercial Law,

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

SCHOLARSHIPS, including the same Subjects, as above: *Time limited to three months,*

TWENTY DOLLARS.

Penmanship, Three months	$7
Penmanship and Arithmetic, three mos	10

The saving of coal and gas in the summer months is an advantage of such importance as enables the management of this college to make a considerable reduction in the summer rates

From October 1, 1866, to April 1, 1867,
And succeeding years, as before,

Life Scholarships	$35
Scholarships 3 months	25
Penmanship, 4 months	10
Penmanship and Arithmetic, 3 months	12

Special terms for Clubs, Soldiers, and for the sons of Ministers and Teachers.

Day and evening instruction for both sexes, all ages, In banking, storekeeping, bookkeeping, penmanship, pen drawing, phonography, arithmetic, mensuration, algebra, geometry, the calculus, navigation, surveying, engineering, gauging, mining, mechanical drawing, commercial law, German, telegraphing, and the English branches, at moderate peices.

Endorsed by the public as the most successful Business College of the country, as is evidenced by the fact, that

Four Hundred and Two Students

have entered in the

FIRST SIX MONTHS OF ITS EXISTENCE.

Principals of Departments.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.
George B. Snyder, R. S. Barnes,
C. N. Farr, J. T. Reynolds,
Henry Keim, A.E. Rogerson A.M., C.E.

Supported by an able Corps of Assistants.

☞ Call or send for a catalogue. College Currency, and Pierce's Practical Educator.

OFFICE--531 North Eighth Street.
ap18:2m THOS. M. PEIRCE.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JOHN EWING, late of Raccoon twp., Beaver co. dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID EWING, } Executors,
ALEX. EWING, }
apr4'66. Raccoon tp.

ELECTION.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of "the Company for erecting a Bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the County of Beaver," are hereby notified that an Election for one President, six Managers and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said Company, on the last Monday, (the 30th day) of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

mar19'66.

CHICKERING & SON'S

PIANOFORTES.

THE instruments now manufactured by this well known, long established firm, are the results of nearly half a century of study, experiment and improvements.

Possessing greater advantages than all other makers through this long period of increasing experience, two generations of active, energetic mind have been assiduously employed in perfecting their productions.

THE CHICKERING PIANOS

Are now at the head of all the instruments manufactured in this country. For purity and sonority of tone, elegance of finish, thoroughness and durability of structure, they rank foremost of all.

With the merely mechanical excellence which results largely from the ingenious inventions of Messrs. Chickering themselves they combine a beauty, delicacy, and poetry of tone which is a rare charm, and seems to depend as much on the intelligence as on the handiwork of the maker.

Among the leading artists who have visited this country and well-known Pianists of Bostos and New York who use the "Chickering Piano" in preference to those of other makers in the country, may be mentioned,

Thalberg,	Gottschalk,	Wehli,
De Meyer,	Jaell,	Muzio,
Sanderson,	Hoffman,	Pychowski,
Dressel,	Leonhard,	Bakeman,
Sonnenberg,	Lang,	Benediet,
Bassini,	Warren,	Strakosch,
Parker,	Bristow,	Gilder.

Pittsburgh Agency For

CHICKERING & SONS PIANOS.

(*Established in 1831, by J. H. MELLOR.*)

IMPORTANT TO PURCHASERS.

The subscribers are the exclusive wholesale Agents for the Chickering Pianos, for Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia. Special arrangements enable them to sell at exactly the same price as charged at the Factory in Boston, thus saving freight, insurance and risk of transportation to purchasers residing in or west of this city.

The Subscribers give particular attention to the selection of their stock, visiting the Factory nearly every month for this purpose; their experience in the business, musical skill, and practical knowledge of the manufacture of Piano, enable them is select the very best instruments that Messrs. Chickering produce.

Every instrument warranted for 5 years, by the manufacturer and the subscribers. Persons at a distance desiring further information should address the subscribers, who will be happy to send them (post paid,) drawings of the various styles of Pianos, prices, &c.—Old Pianos taken in exchange.

CHAS. C. MELLOR & CO.,
81 Wood Street,
Between 4th St. and Diamond Alley,
apr18'66—6m. Pittsburg, Pa.

PITTSBURG

NATIONAL PLOW CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

ARE MANUFACTURING all the Varieties of

Steel and Cast Iron Plows,

and would call the attention of the Farmers of Beaver county, wishing to purchase Plows or Plow Points, to the Superior Finish and Quality of our Work.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED ☜

The Points and Landslides fit the corresponding numbers of Pittsburg plows.

☞ Old plow castings bought. [apr18:1y

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE undersigned have entered in Co-Partnership, under the firm of Wilde, Shields & Co., for the purpose of Manufacturning Woolen Goods.

BENJ. WILDE, JOHN REEVES,
THOS. L. SHIELDS, WILLIAM FISH,
W. F. FUNDENBURG, S. B. McELROY,
HORATIO W. WILDE.

New Brighton, April 2d, '66—4t.

Notice to Stockholders Smith's Ferry and Little Beaver Petroleum Co.

THE Stockholders of the above Company will meet at their office in Rochester, on Monday, April 30th, 1866, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing President, Directors, Clerk and Treasurer for the ensuing year, and the transaction of other business. By order of

M. DARRAGH, President,
ap11—4t. CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Beaver county. No. 43, June T. 1865.
Foreign Attachment.

GRAFF, BENNETT & Co. vs JNO. THOMPSON.

Jan. 9, 1866, Narr being filed, the Court give judgment against defendant, in favor of plaintiff. Aff. of claim filed for $2078 77, with interest from 14th Dec., 1858, with $37 90 costs. Rule on Prothonotary to liquidate the damages, at his office on the 17th of May, 1866, at 10 A. M. M. WEYAND,
apr11,'66—6w. Prothonotary.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Beaver county; No. 33 of June T. 1865.
Foreign Attachment.

LE HURAY & Co., now for use of N. HOLMES & SONS, vs. JOHN THOMPSON.

Jan'y 9, 1866, Narr filed, and the Court give judgment against defendant, in favor of plaintiff. Aff. of claim filed for $4132 50, with interest from Dec. 14, 1858, together with $39, 45 costs. Rule on Prothonotary to liquidate the damages, at his office, on the 17th of May, 1866, at 10 A. M. M. WEYAND,
apr11,'66—6w. Prothonotary.

Notice-Stone Culvert.

SEALED proposals will be received by the County Commissioners, at their office in Beaver, from the date of this notice to the 8th day of May next, for the building by the perch of a stone arch culvert over "All Fours" Run, at Baden, Economy township, to be 12 ft. span, 10 ft. high, with wing walls attached, the length of the wing walls and height of parapets to be made known at the time of letting, all subject to the directory of the Commissioners.

J. H. BEIGHLEY,
JOSEPH IRONS,
JOHN WILSON,
Beaver, apr9,'66. Commissioners.

CLOVER SEED—Prime;
LOUISVILLE LIME;
WHITEWASH BRUSHES;
SELF-RISING FLOUR;
For sale at
STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S.

TREASURER'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the 13th day of March, 1815, entitled an act to amend an act directing the mode of selling unseated land for taxes, &c., and the several subsequent acts supplement thereto, and the several acts in conformity therewith, requiring and directing the sale of unseated lands for County, State, Borough, School and Road taxes, and the 41st section of the act of April 26th, 1844, authorizing and directing the return and sale of all Real Estate, as unseated lands are now sold in satisfaction of the taxes due and unpaid by the owners thereof, also the acts authorizing the sale of unseated lots in the boroughs of Beaver, Bridgewater, Rochester and Fallston borough taxes, the following lots and tracts of unseated land, &c., in the county of Beaver, or as much thereof as will pay the arrearages of taxes accrued thereon for the year 1863 and 1864, and so much taxes of previous years as remain unpaid, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver,

Monday, the 11th of June next,

continuing the same by adjournment if necessary.

M. R. ADAMS,
apr4,'66. Treasurer of Beaver Co.

Persons desirous of paying the taxes due upon any lot or tract in the following list, are notified to do so before day of sale, as no property will be withheld from sale on a promise of payment.

Big Beaver Township.			
Blackburn's heirs, New Galilee*		1	45
Carson James, adjoining M Imbrie on the east, land*	26		45
Carson James, adjoining M. Imbrie on the east, land*	15		45
Hall & Co., land adj B Wallace*	10	1	20
Blackburn's hrs, adj R. Hudson*		80	42
Wilson John, adj M. Sharp*		88	1 07
Bill Thompson & Co*	2		88
Beaver Borough			
Craig Neville B*		24	1 35
Eakin Alexander*		124	1 62
Marks Isaac*		107	78
Thompson Wm. A*		38	78
do do *		39	64
Barringer Geo, part of lot*		39	18
do do do *		40	16
Marks Isaac, lot*		16	84
Borough Township.			
Crickmore Francis Academy lot*	4		99
Leonard Margaret, part out lot*		116	84
Reisinger Wm, heirs of part out lot*		61	31
do do do *		62	31
Wray Ruel, Holdship's plan*			65
Whitmore Jas, house and 2 lots*			4 05
Hannen Jane, part out lot*	9½	13	5 00
do do do *	9½	17	6 49
Bpies David, heirs of, north by land of J. Barclay*	27		92
Henry Wm, or Carlton, house and lot, Sharon*			1 06
Baker Benjamin, house and lot, Noss plan*		60	3 50
Morton Jacob C, house and lot, Noss plan*		11	2 05
Withrow Wm, h and lot, Sharon*			1 40
Gordon Jas, lot, Noss plan*			36
Brighton Township.			
McElduff Jas, Academy lot*	8	3	2 35
do do do *	2	113	1 10
Purvis Samuel, out lot*	6		56
Bridgewater Borough.			
Rawdon Freeman, Davidson pl*		1	1 97
do do do *		2	2 02
do do do *		11	2 91
do do do *		12	2 99
do do do *		13	1 02
Mendenhall H, Meadshall's pl*		2	21
Baker Andrew, Ray's plan*		4	1 15
Dundap Jas & others, Mendenhalls plan*		35	88
do do do ½ lot*		36	87
Porter Wm., stable and 2 lots*		9, 10	3 75
Small Jno, Hemphill's plan*		40	43
Kemp Martin or Jne, Porter's pl*		8	35
do do do		9	35
Rawdon Freeman, do		10	35
do do do		2	50
do do do		1	32
do do do		3	50
do do do		4	50
do do do		5	50
do do do		6	50
do do do		18	50
do do do		19	50
do do do		20	50
do do pt lot, Vera's pl			52
Shield's David heirs, house & lot		9	4 40
Barker Wm, ½ lot		21	16
Hannen Jane, 2 shops 1 lot		15	6 40
do do brick h and lot		18	60
do do hfluse and lot*		41	2 60
Sissors's H hrs, Hamilton's pl*		8	44
do do do *		10	44
Chippewa Township.			
Beaver Manufacturing Co,*		37	10 98
Darlington Township.			
Hardy A A*		2	4 25
M'Caskey Elizabeth, adj Joseph Murray on west,*		1	18
Witherspoon Wm, grist & s mill*		15	10 50
Hardy A A, bounded on west by J. P. Martin		1	2 06
Darlington Borough.			
Hartshorn Marshall, h & 2 lots*		3536	18 20
Economy Township.			
Pitts. Ft. W. & C. RR*		2	1 92
do do lot in Baden*			96
do do do			96
Phillips' Wm heirs, do		68	06
Fallston Borough.			
Owner unknown,			36
Welch Nancy,			1 20
Ramsey's Milton heirs			42
Meanor Widow,			22
Georgetown Borough.			
Heirs John, lot*		1	1 35
Gillmore Heirs, lot*		1	1 35
Glasgow Borough.			
Lippencott, lot*			2 00
Phillips' Wm heirs, house & lot*			36
Hanover Township.			
Sanders Wm, house and lot*			65
Industry Township.			
Huff Adam, lot in Industry*			52
Peterson & Cuddy, land*		2	65
C. & P. R. R. Co.*		8	1 04
Poor D'se Directors Beaver co*		8	26
Wells James S, at Rivet Lot*			52
do do *		12	1 46
do do *		13	1 47
New Sewickly Township.			
Mace Lydia*		½	13
New Brighton Borough.			
Chambers, Mark*		11	2 33
do do *		12	2 40
Fombelle, J—shops and 2 lots*		1415	17 85
do do land*		18	32 46
Fitzpatrick, Edward*		377	4 90
Leslie, Eliza—School plan			75
Pander, James—part lot		161	1 75
do do do		162	1 75
Harris, Oliver—¼ lot		376	75
do do ¼ lot		378	75
McGowan, Jr.,—land		1½	2 62
Marquis, J.—lot			28
North Sewickly Township.			
Hudson, Richard*		28	5 40
Mitchell's heirs, stone quarry*		13	3 44
Ramsey David*		5	1 01
Matheny E, house and lot*			58
Ohio Township.			
Ross S P, adjoining Glasgow*		4	8 40
Staly Wm, h and l, Rockport*			8 15
Pulaski Township.			
Phillips Wm P, land*		5	2 66
do do do		10	3 80
Robinson A, land adjoining M'Kelly and David Hoops*		20	6 10
do land adjoining do and McGuire*		5	2 16
Farrow Oscar, land*			4 79
Raccon Township.			
Nevile Thomas,*			52
Sterling William,*			18
Rochester Township.			
Linton John, land*		15	1 50
do do *		51	4 55
M'Elvain R F, h and land*		2	9 50
Bentle, Arbuckle & Co,*			5 70
Hayden G, 1 coal lot, bounded by Marqais*			8 88

Rochester Tp. (Continued.)			
Parrish E, house and lot near Higby's*			1 40
Logan Robert, heirs		11	60
Porter William,		10	80
Gould & Hinds adj'ng B Wasson		4	40
Cary Jane, lot			60
Piersol Sampson, do			28
Hannen James do			28
Rochester Borough.			
Bahler J J, Gould's plan*			76 1 06
P Ft W & C R W Co, land*			20 40
Warrick J, Pinney's plan*			180 36
Hood H O,*			25 25
do *			25 25
Harrap S, Pinney's plan*			535 93
Hurst H, Mendenhall's plan 5 lots*			93
Nicholson M E, Gould's plan*			122 49
do do do do *			122 49
do do do do *			126 49
do do do do *			178 47
Porter J. Reno's plan, land*		1	4 74
Dickson Joseph Dr,			7 80
Erie Canal Co,			20
Hoops Samuel			16
Mulvanon Patrick			16
Neil Lewis			16
Wassen John,			1 20
Mendenhall H, Mendenhalls pl lots		9	2 24
Seibert Adam,			143 10
do do			210 10
Seabolt C, Gould's plan			146 18
do do do			147 18
Dorsey J E P, 3 lots			38
Horner's W, heirs, Stewarts plan		5	10
Sullivan Michael			10
Gras F F, Gould's plan		10	10
do do do do		11	10
Freedom Borough.			
Schnobel, Zeno, bounded by G Bentle & C Holland*			1 10
Moon Township.			
Rambo M, house and land,			91
Hendrixson A, do			1 25

All property marked with an asterisk (*) is returned under the 41st section of the act of April 29, 1844.

STATE & COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County, and State Taxes for 1866, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Phillipsburg,	May 14, Bimber's hotel;
Freedom,	15, M'Caskey's;
Harmony,	16, Store;
Rochester bor,	17, Doneaster house;
Rochester tp.,	18, do do
Beaver,	19, Office;
Bridgewater,	21, Proudley's hotel;
Fallston,	22, Toll house;
New Brighten,	23 & 24, Huron house,
Patterson,	25, Store;
Beaver,	26, Office;
Georgetown,	28, Hotel;
Glasgow and Ohio tp,	29, Jesse Smith's hotel;
Island Run,	30, Darragh's store;
Industry,	31, Aber's store;
Pulaski,	June 1, R. Wallace's;
Economy,	15, G. Neely's;
Franklin,	18, Autenreith's store;
Marion,	19, G. Hartzell's;
North Sewickly,	20, N. Hazen's;
New Sewickly,	21, G. Rauschar's;
Darlington boro,	25, A. J. Cook's;
Darlington tp,	26, J. P. Dilworth's;
B. Beaver, Galilee,	27, Grabing's hotel;
B. Beaver, Homewood,	28, Johnston's hotel;
Chippewa,	29, Mrs Cunningham's;
Beaver,	30, Office;
Brighton,	July 2, R Eakin's
S. Beaver,	5, Jos. Lawrence's;
do and Ohio,	6, Kerr's store;
Ohio,	7, M. R. Deringer's;
Hookstown,	9, Swearingen's hotel.
do and

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

Dr. Duponco's

Golden Periodical Pills,

FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularties, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from Whatever Cause, and

ALWAYS SUCCESSFUL AS A PREVENTIVE.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success in every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of Ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any Irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family, where health will not permit it. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibilities after the above admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health otherwise the Pills are recommended.

Price $1,00 per Box. Six Boxes $5,00.

Sold by S. Smith, Bridgewater, Noble & Hamilton, Beaver, S. Hannen, Rochester.

Ladies! By sending $1,00 to either of the above agents, can have the pills sent (confidentially) by mail, to any part of the country, or address the Proprietor,

S. D. HOWE,
oct 25'65:1yr. New York.

CHAS B HURST

Banker and Broker,

AND DEALER IN

Real Estate, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities.

INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT,

Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber, having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as

Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.

Being agent for the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct., the North America of Philadelphia, and the Manufacturers' & Merchants' of Pittsburg, I will issue policies in either of the companies named.

Farms, houses and lots for sale.

Shares in the oil lands of the celebrated Island Run region for sale, where every well has proved a success. Also shares in wells producing or under way, and leases.

I will also sell my residence in Rochester, beautifully situated, and within a few minutes walk of the Ohio river and Railway stations. Terms liberal.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to John A. Caughey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburg.

CHAS. B. HURST.

Rochester, Nov. 20, '65

HEALY'S
PATENT SELF-ACTING Wagon Brake.

THE subscriber will canvass Beaver county, in the order of Townships, to sell the right to use, make and vend,

Healy's Pt. Self-acting Wagon-Brake,

an invention perfect in every respect, for the use of all kinds of Wagons, Carriages and Buggies. It is a perfect regulation to every vehicle to which it is attached, acting alike prompt and certain under all circumstances, on all kinds of roads, by night as well as by day, with the greatest safety, ease and comfort to horse and passenger, without any attention whatever from the driver. I will sell individual rights to use this patent brake, or Township and Borough to Mechanics.

Beaver, Nov. 2'65 C. LUDWICK.

AGENTS WANTED!

Now in Press and will be Ready Soon!

HEADLEY'S
HISTORY OF THE WAR,

COMPLETE in two volumes. *ALSO ISSUED COMPETE IN ONE VOLUME,* The BEST, CHEAPEST, MOST INTERESTING, POPULAR *and Valuable History of the Rebellion published,* which is fully attested by the ENORMOUS SALE it has reached of **300,000** Vols. and is now selling with increased rapidity.

Sold only by Subscription. Exclusive territory given. For full particulars send for circular. Address

AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO.,
148 Asylum street, Hartford, Conn.
SCRANTON & BURR, Agents. [mar7:4t

New Barber-Shop!

SHAVING HAIR-CUTTING,
SHAMPOOING, &c.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS having just returned from the army, where he has served for almost three years, wishes to inform his former customers and the public generally, that he has opened his shop in the north end of the MARKET HOUSE, BRIDGEWATER, where he will carry on in his former good and fashionable style. By close attention to busines, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Those wishing a clean, smooth shave, or hair cut in a fashionable style, just stop in and give John a trial, and he feels satisfied that he can please them. [dec13:2m

---

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!

Scratch! Scratch!! Scratch!!!

WHEATON'S OINTMENT

WILL CURE THE ITCH IN 48 HOUR

ALSO cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

sep20'65—6mos.

BARBER,
HAIR-DRESSER, &C.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States, and opened a shop in the frame building adjoining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his old friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg. U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a fair share of the public patronage.

COAL!

I AM prepared to deliver Coal of the best quality on shortest notice. Orders left at I. N Atkins' Clothing Store, Beaver, Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery, Bridgewater, S. Jross & Co.'s Dry Good Store, Rochester, will receive prompt attention.

oct11'65—3m. W. PORTER.

CHAMBERLIN & WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS,

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

AGENTS FOR
EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND
NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.
Dec6,'65.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM

Cheap and Durable.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL.

LOUIS F. WEINMAN.

MANUFACTURER of and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge street,

BRIDGEWATER.

He keeps an excellent supply of ready-made work constantly on hand.

Boots and shoes made to order on shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He has good workmen, and can't be excelled by any other establishment in West. Pa.

Men, women and children will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

For the best and cheapest article go to
LOUIS F. WEINMAN'S,
oct11'65 Bridge st., Bridgewater.

Hice & Rutan,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL attend to legal business of all kinds. Prompt attention given to collections generally. Licensed Agents for collection of Pensions, Bounty, arrears of Pay, Prize money, Pay, etc., of Prisoners of War, and all kinds of military claims against the Government. Office—

Corner of Market Street and the Diamond,
(immediately in the rear of Court House,)
BEAVER, PENN'A. [jan4

A. C. BARLOW, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

HAVING permanently located in BEAVER tenders his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and adjoining villages and country. Having had twenty years experience (over four years as an army Surgeon) he feels competent to command the confidence those who may wish his services.

Calls, day or night, promptly attended

Office in the National Hotel building, where he may be found at all hours, day or night, when not professionally engaged.

sep20'65

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

DEALERS IN

CHOICE GROCERIES,

AND QUEENSWARE,

Bridgewater.

Country produce wanted [jan10:3m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of WM. N. BELL, dec'd., late of Raccoon twp., Beaver county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

RACHEL BELL, Executrix.
apr1'66. Raccoon tp.

"Use the Best!"
DR. CLOCK'S

EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER IS THE best ever offered to the public. And the *only one possessing all the merits claimed for it.*—*It restores gray hair to its original color, makes hair grow on bald heads* when falling off from disease; removes Scruff, Dandruff, etc.; arrests its *falling off or turning gray,* cures, sick headache and *all diseases of the scalp;* causes harsh, wiry hair to become soft, pliable and luxuriantly glossy. It is *elegantly perfumed,* and all that can be desired for a dressing. It contains *no sugar of lead or other mineral so injurious to the head and hair,* and of which most preparations now in use are composed, but is a *purely vegetable compound.* WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD to produce an instance where the Restorer has failed when used according to directions. Among the thousands who have used it we have yet to learn of *one* who is not perfectly satisfied with its result. *Hair white as snow* is with *marvelous rapidity* restored to all its *pristine beauty* by its use. *It is not a dye,* but by supplying the secretions of the capillary glands acts as a restorer. Mothers, whose children's hair is *harsh, wiry,* or *thin and scant,* will find by using the Restorer it will *immediately* improve and may be dressed in any desired form, thus laying the foundation for a *good head of hair,* so desirable in after life. The proprietor is aware of the many who have been disappointed by the high sounding pretense of the numerous preparations with which the market has been filled for a few years past, but such *entire confidence* does he place in the *merits* of his Restorer that he offers, in all cases, *to refund the money* if, after a *thorough trial of two bottles,* it fails to give perfect satisfaction. A *single* trial will convince the *most skeptical of its merits.* Put up in large bottles and sold by all druggists at $1 pr bottle.

DR. F. B. CLOCK, Proprietor,
Manchester, N. H.

J. MOORE, Druggist, Beaver Agent for Rochester, Bridgewater and Beaver. McClarren & McKennan, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg, Pa. [jan31'66—6m.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned, guardian of Columbus May, Clarence May, and Ida May, minor children of Ellen K. May, dec'd., will expose to sale by Public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Friday, May 11, 1866,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the interests of said minors, being the undivided three-fourths of the following described real estate, situate in Borough township, Beaver county, Pa., viz:

1st. All that certain lot bounded north by an alley, (separating it from land of I. Cole and others) east by by the eastern Water Lot of the borough of Beaver; south by lot of John Barclay, and west by an alley, containing seven acres, more or less, all enclosed; part thereof cleared and part in timber.

No. 2. All that certain other lot ground, bounded north by an alley, separating it from lands of I. Cole, on the east by an alley, on the south by Boles' heirs and alley, and on the west by Public road, leading from Beaver to Achortown, containing about 10 acres, more or less, all enclosed. A good spring up on the lot.

The above two lots are beautifully located, just back of the borough of Beaver, and embracing the slope or hill-side overlooking the town.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money in hand on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal annual instalments, from that date, with interest, the deferred instalments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further information, inquire of the undersigned, or of Capt. John May, Beaver.

DAVID FERGUSON,
Guardian of Minors, &c.

NOTE.—The other undivided one-fourth of the premises above described belonging to Mrs. Susan Campbell, will also be offered at same time.

Notice.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver County. No. 33, Nov. Term, 1865.

Amelia M. Moore, by her next friend, R. H. Agnew, vs. Charles A. Moore. } LIBEL IN DIVORCE.

To Charles A. Moore, the above named respondent: You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term of said Court, to be held at Beaver, on the first Monday of June, 1866, then and there to answer the complaint of the libellant, and to show cause, if any you have, why her prayer for divorce, *a vinculo matrimonii,* should not be granted.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, apr11,'66.

Woolen Factory
IN NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

THE subscriber having thoroughly refitted and prepared the property known as the Tub Factory, directly opposite the Post Office, in New Brighton, Pa., is now prepared to do all the work generally done in a first-class Factory, such *MANUFACTURING BLANKETS, FLANNELS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES SATINETS, &c., SPINNING YARN, CARDING, ROLLS, FULLING & CLOTH FINISHING.*

Employing none but the best workmen, and using first-class machinery, the Public may rest assured that their work will be well done and promptly delivered.

Give us a call and examine our goods and prices before going elsewhere. All work warranted. JOS. PONTEFRACT.

New Brighton, Apr. 3, '66:3m.

NEW ARRIVAL

Of Goods,

AT

B. MULHEIM'S

BRIDGE St., BRIDGEWATER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is now receiving NEW GOODS consisting of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW BLINDS, VARIETY GOODS, WILLOW WARE, BOOKS, PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.

Having thoroughly refitted my Store Room, and in daily receipt of Goods from New York city, I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought in Pittsburg, or any neighboring village. An examination of my large and varied stock will convince all that what I publish is strictly true.

Remember the place. apr3'66

Farm for Sale.

THE east end of the Farm known as the Andrew Glass property, situate in Ohio township, Beaver county; containing *One Hundred and Forty Acres,* about one hundred acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation, is offered for sale. A good orchard on the premises. It lays on the head waters of Beahler's Run, within two miles of the celebrated Island Run oil regions, and is said to be good oil territory. For particulars, inquire of John Johnston near the premises, or of Joseph Lawrence, South Beaver tp.

NEW GOODS!

WE have just received one of the Largest and most Complete Stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Cassimeres, Tweeds, Muslins, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, &c.,

Ever offered to the public in this city.

Also, a splendid assortment of

Ladies', Misses and Children's SHAWLS.

All qualities, styles and prices, at greatly reduced rates.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.

The Largest Stock and best Assortment of Carpets, Floor Oill Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Matts, &c., ever offered,

and at extremely low prices.

Persons in want of anything in our line, would do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell our stock at prices which will astonish all.

Remember the place:

DUNLAP, LUKER & CO.,
136 Federal st, 4 doors below Market-house,
apr3:2m] ALLEGHENY CITY.

LOSSES PAID IN 46 YEARS

OVER

$17,000,000.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY!

HARTFORD, Ct.

NET ASSETS, JAN., 1865,

$3,677,362,71

FIRE AND INLAND

Navigation Risks.

Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to.

CHAS. COALE, Agent.
dec6'65—3mos New Brighton.

C. C. ALGEO,

DEALER IN

AMERICAN

AND SWISS WATCHES,

DIAMONDS

AND FINE JEWELRY,

SILVER SPOONS AND FORKS,

FINE TABLE KNIVES,

SILVER PLATED WARE,

FRENCH CLOCKS & BRONZES,

AMERICAN CLOCKS,

Fancy Goods, &c.

Special attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Watches.

No. 22, FIFTH STREET,
mar14'66—1y] *Pittsburg, Pa.*

BEAVER SEMINARY
AND
MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, A. M., President.

THE next Term opens April 5, 1866.

Every opportunity for instruction in any branch of science or on any musical instrument; also vocal music, private or in classes, is afforded here at reasonable rates.

Lads received in the Primary Department; also small girls of any degree of proficiency.

Drawing and painting of every style will receive the special attention of a first-class artist.

Tuition: $5,50, $8,50, and $12,50, according to department.

None but thoroughly qualified and experienced Teachers are employed in any department. For further information address

mar28'65. R. T. TAYLOR, President.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JACOB WARNER, late of Industry tp., Beaver, Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

J. C. WILSON, Adm'r.,
mar14'66. Beaver boro

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the state of RICHARD AYRES, late of Brighton tp. Beaver county, Pa, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON, Ex'r.
jan31'66. Brighton tp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of SAMUEL MOORE, late of Hanover township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

W. H. FRAZER, Executor,
mar7 Hanover tp.

If you want to buy Pure Drugs, Medicine and Chemicals, go to Moore's Drug Store.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH

BY BUYING

Pure Medicines,

AT

JAMES K PARDEE'S,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store.)

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, and

FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD:

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY,

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS

FOR THE HAIR.

All kinds of Patent Medicines always on hand.

ALSO, CIGARS & TOBACCO.

My entire stock has been purchased for cash and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

As my assistant, Mr. LOUIS BREHM, is a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon having their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

Rochester, March 14, 1866—1y

AGENTS WANTED TO TAKE ORDER for the best selling book now published

THRILLING STORIES OF THE GREAT REBELLION.

Comprising heroic adventures and hair-breadth escapes of Soldiers, Scouts, Spies and Refugees; daring exploits of Smugglers, Guerillas, Desperadoes and others; Tales of Loyal and Disloyal Women; Stories of the Negro, &c., &c., with incidents of Fun and Merriment in Camp and Field. By Lieutenant Colonel Charles S. Greene, late of the United States Army. Handsomely illustrated with engravings on steel and in oil colors.

Send for circulars and see the liberal terms offered.

CHAS. S. GREENE & CO., Publishers,
No. 134 S. Third Street, Philadelphia.
mar14,'66.—4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of REBECCA MULVANON, late of Boro township, Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Adm'r.,
feb14'66. Beaver boro.

ATTENTION!

I HAVE constantly on hand a supply of the Putnam (Iron Frame) Clothes Wringer, and would call attention to the Manufacturer's advertisement for the Universal Clothes Wringer, W. G. Wolf, Agent. Mr. W. having removed from the State and transferred his machines to me, I will keep a constant supply.

Also, constantly on hand, Crude oil by the barrel and crude oil burners.

oc25 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't. Beaver.

Penn Planing Mill,
SASH & DOOR FACTORY.

JAS. A. SHOLES.....ALFRED SLACK.

SLACK & SHOLES,

Cor. Penn & Marbury Streets,

PITTSBURG, PA.

Flooring, Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Frames, Brackets & Moulding

always on hand or made to order. [my17:1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN B. HALL, late of Raccoon twp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBERT S. HALL, Industry tp.,
JAMES ORR, Raccoon tp.,
mar28'66. Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES JAMESON, late of Georgetown Borough, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ELIZABETH JAMESON, Adm'rx.
mar14'66. Georgetown Boro'

WM. REICH,

MERCHANT TAILOR

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

CLOTHING made to order in all the latest styles, and at shortest notice [feb7'66

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY!

CAPITAL STOCK.....$50,000.

50,000 Shares of Par Value of.....$1,00 each.

WORKING CAPITAL.....$13,000.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office, in the borough of Rochester, April 29th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year:

PRESIDENT.
MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY.
CHARLES B. HURST.

DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh, Milo R. Adams,
Charles Stone, Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh, John Bigger,
Levi Brennaman, Robt. A. Cochran,
Charles E. Kendall.

A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.
my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,
Medicines,
CHEMICALS
PURE
LIQUORS, WINES And Brandies,
Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS;

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES,

PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills 75 cents per box; Cheeseman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of

Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty

ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

Dec13,'65. J. MOORE.

GO TO THE

ROCHESTER

Marble Works.

EXECUTES ALL KINDS OF

Plain and Ornamental Work.

MONUMENTS, Head and Foot Stones, of the best Italian and American Marble, at the shortest notice, and the lowest prices.

I have on hands over One Hundred sets of Plain and Ornamental Head-stones, which I am offering at 10 per cent less than city prices.

All those wishing anything in my line, call early and examine my stock.

Also, the best quality of Grind Stones on hands.

Rochester, Mar. 21st, '66—3m.

BEAVER ACADEMY,

An English, Classical and Commercial School, for Young Men and Boys,

AT BEAVER, PENN'A.

THE Spring session of this Institution will open on

Wednesday, April 4th, 1866,

and close on Wednesday, 27th June, 1866.

For circular and other particulars, address the Principal, M. GANTZ, New Brighton, Pa., or H. HICK, Sec'y. Board of Trustees, Beaver, Pa. mar21,'67:2m

---

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST:

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTLY FITTED, ARTICULATED, SHAPED, SIZED AND COLORED, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American vulcanite. All the new styles of combination work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. No charge for extracting, when teeth are to be inserted.

Also, a fine assortment of Tooth Washes, Powders, Brushes, &c., kept constantly on hand.

Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [mar28'66—3m.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Matthew Elder, late of Elder's MILLS, in said county, dec'd, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, MAY 18th, 1866,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., all the following described real estate of said Matthew Elder, dec'd.,

1st. All that tract of land situated in Darlington and South Beaver townships, in the county aforesaid, bounded on the west by land of Wm. H. Knight, on the north by other lands of said testator, recently sold to Elder and McGeehan, on the east by land of James M'Millin and other lands of testator, and on the south by land of Thomas F. Elder, containing about 86 acres, about 30 cleared; on which are erected *a large two story Brick Store House,* with *Dwelling House attached,* cellar underneath, double portico to dwelling; *a large two story Brick Woolen Factory,* with a basement story of stone, *and with all necessary machinery, therein for Carding, Spinning, Weaving, Fulling, &c.;* the building and machinery being in good order, and of capacity sufficient for a large manufacturing business. The whole water power of the Little Beaver creek is available for manufacturing purposes at this point, and the Dam, Race, &c., *are substantial and in good order.*—Also, a good two story frame dwelling house, with kitchen attached, double porch, &c. Also, a good double frame barn, with good stone foundation, and a large wagon shed and corn crib. Also, a two story frame warehouse, and two hewed log tenant houses on the premises.

2d. All that tract of land situate in Darlington tp., in said county, bounded on the west by other lands of the said testator, recently sold to Elder & M'Geehan, on the north by lands of S. C. Chamberlain, on the east by lands of George Hoffman and Reuben Watt, and on the south by lands of James M'Millin, containing about 150 acres, about 120 acres cleared and under cultivation; (reserving, however, as appurtenant to the premises first above described, the right and privilege of backing the water up the creek on this tract, by the dam now erected upon said first mentioned premises, or any dam of same heighth that may hereafter be erected thereon); on which is erected *a large two story Store Dwelling House,* with good cellar underneath, and a log kitchen attached. Also, a large hewed log barn, with good stone foundation, and other out-buildings. Also, two small frame tenant houses with stone basements, and one hewed log tenant house, with basement story of stone, &c., &c.

The above are valuable farms; are located about 4 miles from Darlington, and about 11 miles from the present terminus of the Darlington Cannel Coal Railroad, and are immediately upon the projected Railroad from New Galilee, on the Pittsburg Ft. W. & C. Railway down the valley of the Little Beaver, through the coal and oil region to Glasgow, on the C. & P. R. R., at the Ohio river.

The improvements on the tract above described are very valuable. The water power is excellent and well improved. The Factory and other buildings are well and substantially constructed, and the location a good one for manufacturing purposes.

Attention is also called to the fact that these farms are on the Little Beaver, but about 10 miles above the celebrated Island Run Oil Wells on said creek, and the tendency of the oil developments at present being up said creek, it is believed that in addition to their value for farming and manufacturing purposes, they must *soon become Valuable Oil Lands.*

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court; balance in two equal annual payments, from the date of the confirmation of the sale by the Court, with interest; *back payments to be secured by bond and mortgage.*

For further information apply to the undersigned at his residence, near the premises, or address him at Darlington P. O., Beaver Co., Pa. REUBEN WATT,

Ex'r of the last will of Matthew Elder, dec'd.
apr18,'66

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of Robert Wright, late of the borough of Hookstown, in said county, dec'd., will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, May 18, 1866,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., all the following described real estate of said Robert Wright, dec'd, situate in Green township, in the county aforesaid: 1. All the coal and coal privilege in a ridge of land bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on B. Laughlin's line, thence S 33½ degrees, W 97 perches, thence S 49 degrees, E 8 perches, thence by land formerly of James Jeffrey, N 43 degrees, E 18 3-10 perches, thence N 51½ degrees, E 33 8-10 perches to a post, thence N 57½ degrees, E 14 perches, thence N 28½ degrees, E 22 7-10 perches, thence N 65 degrees, E 7 perches, thence by land of James Cameron, N 43 degrees, W 29 2-10 perches to place of beginning, containing 11 acres and 65 perches, with the right of road to and from the coal in as many different places as necessary, &c.

2. A lot of ground situated in the borough of Hookstown, bounded N by other lands of said dec'd., E by land of Jackson Swearingen, S by lands of Penny and Wallace, and W by public road; containing about 2½ acres, known as the old "Mill Seat," and on which is erected a frame stable.

3. A lot of land situate partly in the boro' of Hookstown, and partly in Green tp., bounded N by land of Thomas Laughlin, N E by Town lots of said borough, S E by public road, and W by James Patterson's land, containing about 14 acres; on which is erected a frame barn.

4. A lot of ground situate in the township aforesaid, bounded N by the public road, E by lands of Thomas Laughlin and Joseph Cain, S by lot of David Ramsey and W by land of D. M. Donahoo; containing 7 acres and 96 perches, all cleared and fenced.

5. A lot of ground situate in the township aforesaid, bounded N by public road leading to Georgetown, E by land of J. Patterson, S by public road and W by land of D. M. Donahoo; containing 10 acres and 152 perches.

6. A lot of ground situate in the borough of Hookstown aforesaid, bounded N by public road, E by lot of Thomas Wright, S by lot of John S. Littell and W by lot of J. Patterson; containing about one acre, on which is erected a frame dwelling house with out-buildings.

Some of the above described lots, especially Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5, in addition to their value for farming purposes, are considered *Valuable Oil Territory.* These lots are on Mill Creek, within 2 to 3 miles of the river. *Some Promising Strikes* have just been made on the creek a short distance below, and a portion of these lots are very favorably located.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments from that date, with interest from same time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further information, apply to the undersigned at Hookstown, Beaver county, Pa. THOMAS WRIGHT.

apr18] *Ex'r of last will of Robt. Wright, d'c'd.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN WALTON, late of Brighton tp, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON, Ex'r.
apr18'66. Brighton tp.

Dr. D. Stanton,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE IN WM. KENNEDY'S BLOCK
may24,'66.1y.